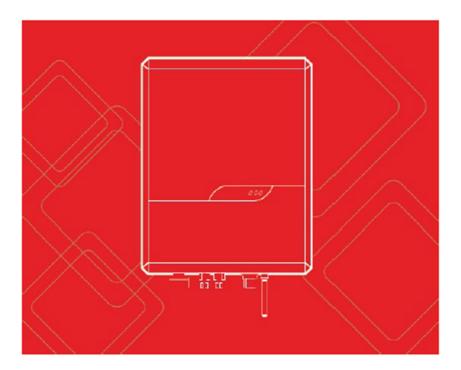


SE-TH01 2.0TL1/ SE-TH01 3.0TL1/ SE-TH01 5.0TL1/ SE-TH01 6.0TL1

USER MANUAL



Date:2022/12



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Foreword

Dear User,

Thank you so much for choosing $SE-TH01 \ 2.0TL1 - SE-TH01 \ 6.0TL1$, the latest generation of grid-tied PV Strings inverter (hereinafter referred to as the inverter) designed and developed by the company.

This user manual introduces the inverter in terms of its installation, electrical connections, operation, commissioning, maintenance, and troubleshooting. Please read through the manual carefully before installing and using the inverter, and keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

Applicable Model

Grid-tied PV string inverter

- 2K/3K
- 5K/6K

Applicable Personnel

This user manual is intended for photovoltaic (PV) inverter operating personnel and qualified electrical technicians.

Notes:

This user manual is subject to change without prior notice.



Symbol Conventions

Safety symbols used in this manual, which highlight potential safety risks and important safety information, are listed as follows:

| Symbol | Description |
|----------|---|
| DANGER | Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, will result in serious injury or death. |
| WARINING | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in serious injury or death. |
| CAUTION | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in moderate or minor injury. |
| NOTICE | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in equipment failure, or property damage. |
| NOTE | Calls attention to important information, best practices and tips: supplement additional safety instructions for your better use of the PV inverter to reduce the waste of your resource. |
| REFER | Refer to documentation (Remind operators to refer to the documentation shipped with the inverter). |



1 Safety Precautions

Before using the product, please read these safety precautions in User Manual carefully.

1.1 Personnel Safety

- a. The PV inverter must be installed, electrically connected, operated and maintained through specially trained technician;
- b. The qualified technician must be familiar with the safety regulations of electrical system, working process of PV power generation system, and standards of local power grid;
- c. The technician must read through this User Manual carefully and master it before any operation.

1.2 PV Inverter Protection

| ▲ NOTICE | On receiving the PV inverter, please check if it is damaged during | |
|----------|---|--|
| | its transportation. If yes, please contact your dealer immediately. | |
| | | |

- a. Do not tamper with any warning signs on the inverter enclosure because these signs contain important information about safe operation.
- b. Do not remove or damage the nameplate on the inverter's enclosure because it contains important product information.

1.3 Installation Safety

| _ | Please read the User Manual carefully before installing the PV |
|--------|--|
| NOTICE | inverter; manufacturer's warranty will be void if damage is caused |
| | by installation faults. |

- a. Ensure there is no electrical connections around ports of the PV inverter before installation;
- b. Adequate ventilation must be provided for inverter installation location. Mount the inverter in vertical direction, and ensure that no object is put on the heat sink affecting the cooling. (For details, refer to Chapter 4 Installation)



1.4 Electrical Connections

| A DANGER | Before installing the inverter, check all electrical ports to ensure no damage and no short circuit. Otherwise personal casualty and/or fire |
|---------------|--|
| DANGER | may occur. |

- a. At the Input Terminals of the Solar Inverter, only connect the terminals of PV String; do not connect any other DC source to the input terminals.
- b. Before connecting PV modules, ensure that is its voltage is within the safe range; when exposed to any sunlight, PV modules can generate high voltage.
- c. All electrical connections must meet the electrical standards of the country or region.
- d. Cables used in electrical connections must be well fixed, under good insulation, and with appropriate specification.

1.5 Operating and Commissioning

| DANGER | While the inverter operating, high voltage can lead to an electrical shock hazard, and even cause casualties. Therefore, operate the PV inverter strictly according to the safety precautions in the user manual. |
|---------------|---|
| | When the photovoltaic array is exposed to light, it supplies DC voltage to the PCE. |

- A. Before getting the permission of electrical power authority in the country/region, the gridtied PV inverter cannot start power generation.
- b. Follow the procedures of commissioning described in the user manual when commissioning the PV inverter.
- c. Do not touch any part/surface except the DC switch when the PV inverter is operating; its partial parts will be extremely hot and can cause burns.

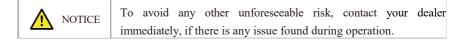
1.6 Maintenance

| | Power OFF all electrical terminals before the inverter maintenance; |
|--------|---|
| DANGER | strictly comply with the safety precautions in this document when |
| | operating the inverter. |



- a. For personal safety, maintenance personnel must wear appropriate personal protective equipment (like insulation gloves and protective shoes) for the inverter maintenance.
- b. Place temporary warning signs or erect fences to prevent unauthorized access to the maintenance site.
- c. Follow the procedures of maintenance stipulated in the manual strictly.
- d. Check the relevant safety and performance of the inverter; rectify any faults that may compromise the inverter security performance before restarting the inverter.

1.7 Additional Information





2 Overview of the Inverter

This chapter introduces the inverter and describes its functional model, network application, appearance, dimensions, and working process etc.

2.1 Functional Models

2.1.1 Function

This series is a single-phase grid-tied PV string inverter (transformer less) that converts the DC power generated by PV strings into AC power and feeds the power into power grid.

| WARNING | The inverter is transformerless. Add an isolation transformer before grounding the positive/ negative terminal of PV modules (like Thin Film module) for operation. |
|-----------------|---|
| MARNING WARNING | Do not connect PV modules in parallel to several PV inverters for operation. |

2.1.2 Model Description

Figure 2.1 shows a model number of the inverter, using 3K as an example.

<u>_3K</u> └──── Power class code

Figure 2.1 Model number descriptions

2.2 Network Application

2.2.1 Grid-tied PV Power Systems

The series applies to grid-tied PV power systems for outdoor power stations. Typically, a grid-tied PV power system consists of PV modules, grid-tied inverters, AC distribution units, and low-voltage power grid, as shown in Figure 2.2.

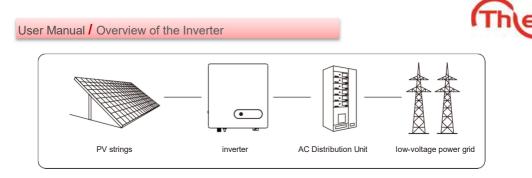


Figure 2.2 a low-voltage grid-tied PV power system

2.3 **Outline and Dimensions**

2.3.1 Outline

Figures 2.3 to 2.7 show the outline of the inverters as follows:

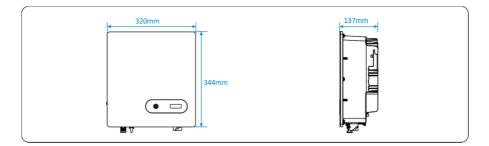
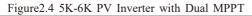
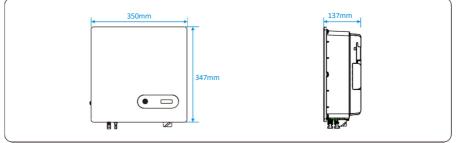


Figure 2.3 2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input (unit: mm)







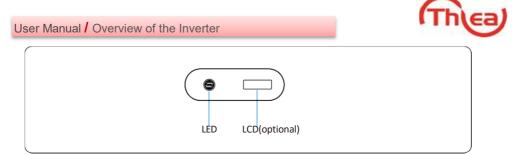


Figure 2.5 The front view and amplification effect of LED indicator area

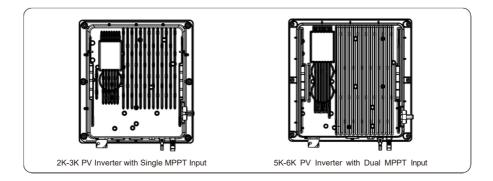


Figure 2.6 The rear view of this series of inverter

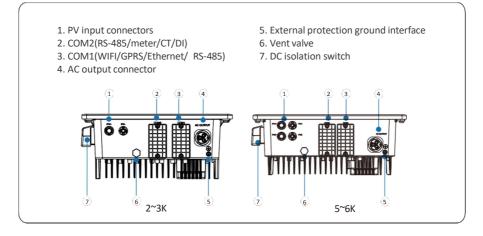


Figure 2.7 The bottom view of this series of inverter



2.4 Working Process

2.4.1 Basic principal Description

The 5K-6K PV Inverter with Dual MPPT Input receives input from two strings of PV panel (2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input receives input from only one string of PV panel). Then the inputs are grouped into two independent MPPT routes inside the inverter to track the maximum power point of the PV panel. The two MPPT power is then converted into DC Bus, then the DC power is converted to AC power through an inverter circuit. Finally the AC power is fed to the Power grid. EMI filer is used on both the DC and AC sides to reduce the electromagnetic interference; Surge protection is inbuilt on AC side.

2.4.2 Block Diagram

Figure 2.8 shows the block diagram for the 2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input:

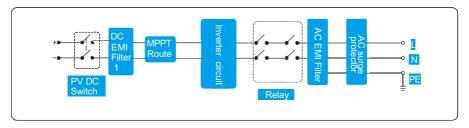


Figure 2.8 Block diagram

Figure 2.9 shows the block diagram for the 5K-6K Inverter with Dual MPPT Input:

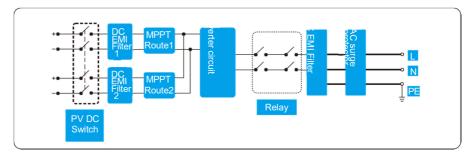


Figure 2.9 Block diagram



2.5 Working Modes

Three working modes of the inverter are shown as follows: standby, operating, and shutdown.

Table 2.1 shows the conditions for the inverter to switch between working modes.

| Modes | Description |
|-----------|---|
| Standby | The PV inverter enters the standby mode when >the input voltage of PV Strings can enable auxiliary power supply to run, but cannot meet the inverter operation requirements. >the input voltage of PV Strings can meet the inverter to-start requirements, |
| | but cannot meet its minimum power requirements. |
| Operating | When the PV inverter is grid-tied and generates electricity, it tracks the maximum power point to maximize the PV String output. > converts DC power from PV strings into AC power and feeds the power to the power grid. The PV inverter will enter to the shutdown mode on detecting a fault or a shutdown command. |
| Shutdown | The PV inverter switches from standby or operating mode to shutdown mode on detecting a fault or a shutdown command. The inverter switches from shutdown mode to standby mode on receiving a Startup command or detecting that a fault is rectified. |

Table 2.1 Working modes description

| | NOTICE | instructions: if the equipment is used in a manner not specified |
|--|--------|---|
| | | by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may |
| | | be impaired. |



3 Storage

This chapter describes the storage requirements for the inverter.

The following storage instructions apply if the PV inverter will not be deployed immediately:

- > Do not unpack the inverter (put desiccant in the original box if the PV inverter is unpacked).
- > Store the PV inverter at a temperature range of -25°C to +60°C and with the relative humidity of 0% to 100% (no condensing).
- > The PV inverter should be stored in a clean and dry place and be protected from dust and water vapor corrosion.
- > 2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input a maximum of eight layers of inverters can be stacked, 5K-6K PV Inverter with Dual MPPT Input a maximum of six layers of inverters can be stacked.
- > Do not position the inverter at a front tilt, excessive back tilt, or side tilt, or upside down.
- > Conduct periodic inspection during storage. Replace the packing materials immediately if any rodent bites are found.
- > Ensure that qualified personnel inspect and test the inverter before use if it has been stored for a long time.

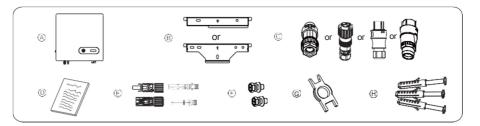


4 Installation

| ANGER | Do not install the inverter on flammable building materials or in an area where flammable or explosive materials are stored. |
|----------------|--|
| CAUTION | Do not install the inverter in a place where personnel are likely to come into contact with its enclosure and heat sinks to avoid electrical shock/burn. |

4.1 Checking the Outer Packing

- a. When receiving the inverter, check that the packing materials are intact.
- b. After unpacking, check that the deliverables are complete, intact, and consistent with your order list.
- c. Examine the PV inverter and its fittings for damage such as scraps and cracks.



| Items | Deliverables | | |
|-------|---|--|--|
| А | The inverter | | |
| В | Rear panel | | |
| С | AC output connector | | |
| D | File package | | |
| Е | DC terminal connector group | | |
| F | Screws | | |
| G | Removal tool for DC connector | | |
| Н | Expansion screw group (reserved for tightening the support and rear panel) | | |

Figures 4.1 The deliverables: The inverter and its fittings



| NOTICE | If any damage mentioned above is found, contact the dealer immediately. |
|---------------|---|
| NOTICE | PV modules for non-isolated inverters. Non-isolated inverters shall be provided with installation instructions that require PV modules that have an IEC 61730 Class A rating. If the maximum AC mains operating voltage is higher than the PV array maximum system voltage then the instructions shall require PV modules that have a maximum system voltage rating based upon the AC mains voltage. |

4.2 Moving the inverter

After checking the outer packing, move the PV inverter to the designated installation position horizontally. Hold the handles on both sides of the inverter, as shown in Figure 4.2.

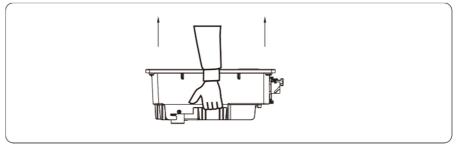


Figure 4.2 Moving the inverter

| CAUTION | >Do not place the PV inverter with its wiring terminals contacting the floor because the power ports and signal ports at the bottom of the device are not designed to support the weight of the inverter. >When placing the inverter on the floor horizontally, put foam or |
|----------------|--|
| | paper under to protect its enclosure. |

4.3 Identify the PV Inverter

4.3.1 Nameplate

After moving the PV inverter from packing box, identify it by reading its nameplate labeled on the side of the inverter. The nameplate contains important product information: the model information, communications/technical specifications, and compliance symbols.



4.3.2 Compliance and Safety Symbols

| Safety symbol | Description |
|---------------|--|
| 5mins C: | Electrical shock! There are residual voltages in the PV inverter. It needs 5 minutes to finish discharge. |
| | The PV inverter must not be touched when in operation. Its enclosure and heat sinks are extremely hot. |
| Â | Electrical shock! This part is charged. Only qualified and/or trained electrical technicians are allowed to perform operations on the inverter. |
| X | If the inverter service life has expired, dispose it in accordance with local rules for disposal of electrical equipment waste. Do not dispose the PV inverter with household garbage. |
| | The PV inverter is compliant with TUV. |

4.4 Installation Requirements

Applies to wall-mounting installation, as described below in detail.

4.4.1 Determining the installation Position

Basic Requirements

- a. The inverter is protected to IP65 and can be installed indoors or outdoors.
- b. The installation method and position must be appropriate for the weight and dimensions of the inverter.
- c. Do not install the inverter in a place where personnel are likely to come into contact with its enclosure and heat sinks because these parts are extremely hot during operation.
- d. Do not install the inverter in an area that stores flammable or explosive materials.

Installation Environment Requirements

a. The ambient temperature must be below 50°C to ensure the inverter's optimal operation and extend its service life.



- b. The inverter must be installed in a well-ventilated environment to ensure good heat dissipation.
- c. The inverter must be free from direct exposure to sunlight, rain, and snow to extend its service life. It is recommended that the inverter be installed in a sheltered place. If no shelter

is available, build an awning, as shown in Figure 4.3.

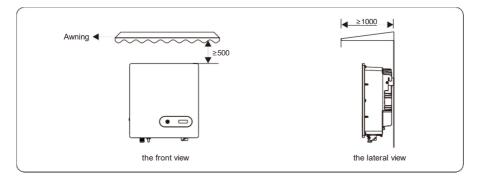


Figure 4.3 Installation environment with awning (unit: mm)

Carrier Requirements

- a. The carrier where the inverter is installed must be fire-proof. Do not install the inverter on flammable building materials.
- b. The wall must be solid enough to bear the weight of the inverter.
- c. Do not install the inverter on a wall made of gypsum boards or similar materials with weak sound insulation to avoid noise disturbance in a residential area.

Installation Space Requirements

- a. It is recommended that the inverter be installed at eye level to facilitate operation and maintenance.
- b. Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for installation and heat dissipation, as shown in Figure 4.4.

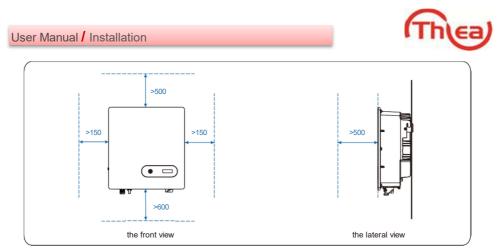


Figure 4.4 Installation Space Requirements (unit: mm)

c. When installing multiple inverter, install them along the same line (as shown in Figure 4.5) if sufficient space is available, and install them in triangle mode (as shown in Figure 4.6) or in stacked mode (as shown in Figure 4.7) if no sufficient space is available. The installation modes ensure sufficient space for installation and heat dissipation.

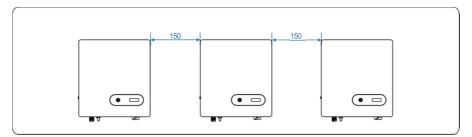


Figure 4.5 Installation along the same line (unit: mm)



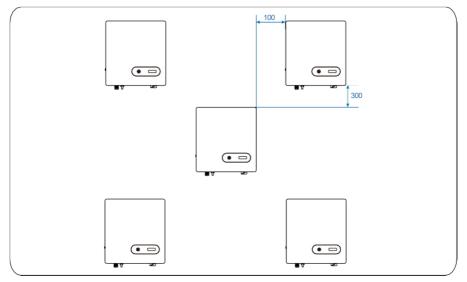
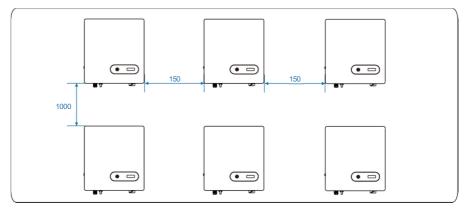


Figure 4.6 Installation in triangle mode (unit: mm)

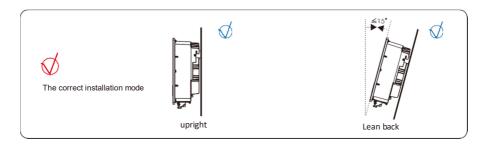


| NOTICE | The clearance between multiple inverters must be increased to ensure proper heat dissipation when they are installed in a hot area. |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|



4.4.2 Installation Mode Requirements

Install the inverter upright or at a maximum back tilt of 15 degrees to facilitate heat dissipation. Some correct / wrong installation modes are shown in Figures 4.8&4.9 below.



Figures 4.8 The correct installation mode

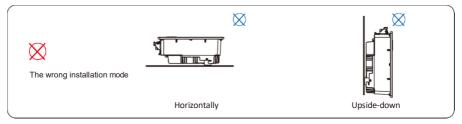


Figure 4.9 The wrong installation modes

| NOTICE | The wrong installation will lead to failure of the inverter operation. |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|



4.5 Installing a Rear Panel

Before installing the inverter, secure the rear panel to a wall.

Step 1 Move out the rear panel from the packing case.

Step 2 Determine the positions for drilling holes (as shown in Figure 4.10) using the rear panel.

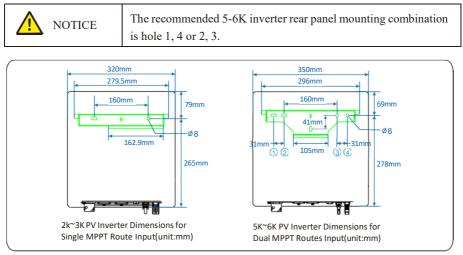


Figure 4.10 Determine the positions for drilling holes (unit: mm)

Step 3 Level the hole positions using a level gauge, and mark the hole positions using a marker (as shown in Figure 4.11).

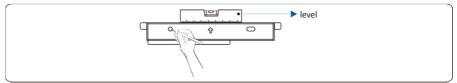


Figure 4.11 mark the hole positions using a marker

Step 4 Drill holes using a hammer drill and install expansion bolts, as shown in Figure 4.12.

| DANGER | Before drilling the hole on the wall, ensure no damage on the electric wire and/or water pipe inside the wall. |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|



a. Drill a hole in a marked position to a depth of 60 mm using a hammer drill with a Φ 10mm bit

b、 Partially tighten an expansion bolt, vertically insert it into the hole, and knock the expansion bolt completely into the hole using a rubber mallet.

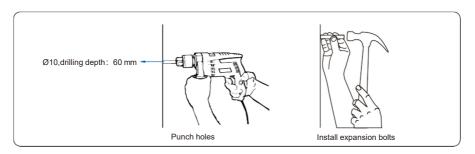


Figure 4.12 Punch holes and install expansion (uint: mm)

Step 5 Align the rear panel with the holes, insert expansion bolts into the holes through the real panel, and tighten the expansion bolts to a torque wrench (torque 2-2.5 N·m), as shown in Figure 4.13.

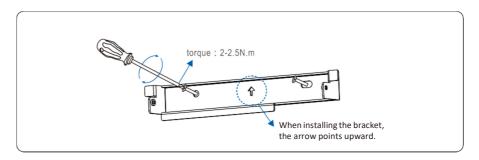


Figure 4.13 Installing the real panel



4.6 Installing the inverter

Follow below procedures:

Step 1 Hold the handles at both sides of the inverter and then lift and stand the inverter.

Step 2 Mount the inverter on the rear panel and keep them aligned with each other, as shown in Figure 4.14.

Step 3 Tighten the two hexagon screws at the both sides of the inverter to a torque of 1.2N.m and 3N·m respectively. Screw specs for 2K-3K and 5K-6K are M4 and M6 respectively, as shown in Figure 4.14.

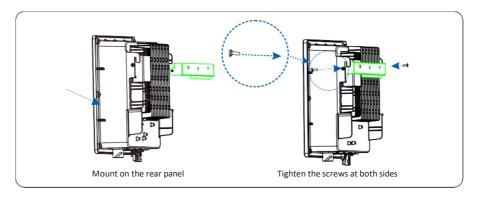


Figure 4.14 Securing the inverter



5 Electrical Connections

| DANGER | Before performing any electrical connections, ensure that both DC |
|--------|---|
| | and AC Switches are OFF. Otherwise, fatal injury can occur due to |
| | the high voltage caused from AC and DC cables. |

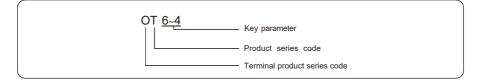
5.1 Connecting Protection Ground (PGND) Cables

5.1.1 Preparation

The ground cable and OT terminals have been prepared.

a. Ground cable: Outdoor copper-core cables with a cross sectional area of 4 mm^2 or more are recommended.

b. OT terminal: OT6~4.



| Good grounding for the inverter helps resist the impact of surge voltage and improve the EMI performance. Connect the PGND cable before connecting the AC power cables, DC power cables, and communication cables. |
|---|
|---|

| NOTE | It is recommended that the ground cable be connected to a nearby ground position. For a system with multiple inverters connected in | | |
|------|---|--|--|
| | parallel, connect the ground points of all inverters to ensure equipotential connections. | | |



5.1.2 Wiring Procedures

Step 1 Remove an appropriate length of the insulation layer from the PGND cable using a wire Stripper; the length is a little bit longer than that of OT terminal's crimping end by 2mm~3mm, as shown in Figure 5.1.

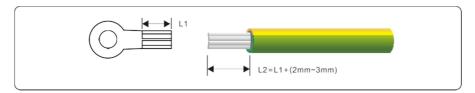


Figure 5.1 Stripped length (unit: mm)

Step 2 Insert the exposed core wires into the crimping areas of the OT terminal and crimp them using hydraulic pliers, as shown in Figure 5.2.

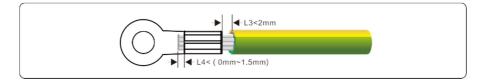


Figure 5.2 Crimping a cable (unit: mm)

Step 3 Remove the ground screws from the ground points, as shown in Figure 5.3.

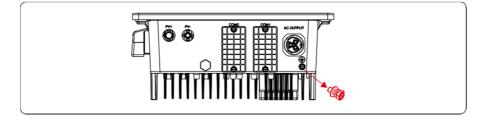


Figure 5.3 Remove the ground screws



Step 4 Secure the PGND cable (done by step 1 & 2) using the ground screw and tighten the screw using a socket wrench (torque 1.2 N·m), as shown in Figure 5.4.

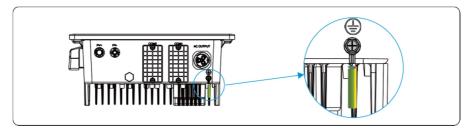


Figure 5.4 Secure the PGND cable

5.2 Connecting AC Output Cables

5.2.1 Preparation

The AC power cable and AC terminals have been prepared.

a. AC power cable: Outdoor copper-core cables are recommended. Table 5.1 describes the specifications.

| Inverter Model | Cable type | Cross-sectional Area(mm ²) | | Cable Outer Diameter(mm) | |
|----------------|---------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Recommended Value | | Recommended Value |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2K-3K | outdoor cable | | 4 | | 1 |
| 5K-6K | outdoor cable | | 6 | | 4 |
| | | | | | |

Table 5.1 AC output cable specifications



User Manual / Electrical Connections

b. The recommended specifications of circuit breaker are shown in the table below-

| Inverter Model | Recommended Value |
|----------------|-------------------|
| 2К | 16A |
| 3К | 25A |
| 5K | 32A |
| 6К | 40A |

Table 5.2 Circuit breaker specifications

| WARNING | An independent circuit breaker must be installed on the AC side of each inverter to ensure that the inverter can be safely disconnected from the power grid. |
|---------|--|
| WARNING | Do not connect loads between the AC output terminals of the inverter and circuit breaker. |

5.2.2 Procedure of Connecting AC Cables

| I NOTE | There are four types of AC terminals in use (choose one from four). Please refer to the real object in the deliverables. | | |
|---------------|---|----------|----------|
| | | | |
| in usual | optional | optional | optional |

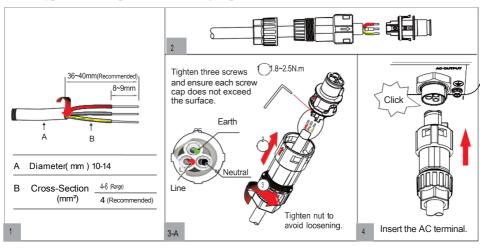
Step 1It is recommended to use outdoor dedicated cables with multiple copper cores.Remove an appropriate length of the jacket and insulation layer from the AC output
cable using a wire stripper.

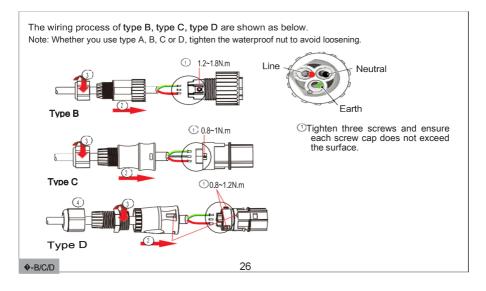
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- **Step 2** Lead the AC cable through the rubber nut, seal and so on. Please refer to the following figure2.
- Step 3Tighten three screws and ensure each screw cap does not exceed the surface,
then install AC connector as shown figure3 below.
- Step 4 Plug the AC connector into the inverter.

Note: There are four types of AC terminals. Please refer to the object in the delivery. **Type A** is in usual. Whether you use **type A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, tighten the waterproof nut to avoid loosening. Take **type A** as example in the following steps.









Ground, neutral, and line wires must correspond to G, N, and L terminals of AC connectors respectively. Otherwise, the faulty connection will lead to the inverter performance failure.

Step 5 After the AC terminal is connected, Install protection sleeve (optional) as shown below.



5.3 Connecting the PV Strings

DANGER



PV Strings connection requires the following prerequisites; otherwise, an electrical shock can occur.

PV modules generate electric energy when exposed to sunlight and can create an electrical shock hazard. Therefore, when connecting the PV modules, shield them with opaque cloth.

Before connecting DC input power cables, ensure that the voltage on the DC side is within the safe range and that the DC SWITCH on the inverter is OFF. Otherwise, high voltage may result in electric shock.

When the inverter is grid-tied, it is not allowed to maintain DC input power cables, such as connecting or disconnecting a string or a module in a string. Only after the inverter enters in shutdown mode, maintenance of DC input power cables is allowed.



WARNING Grounding of the PV Strings requires the following prerequisites; otherwise, a fire can occur.

PV modules connected in series in each PV string must be of the same specifications.

The maximum open-circuit voltage of each PV string must be always lower than or equal to its permitted range.

The maximum short circuit current of each PV string must be always lower than or equal to its permitted range.

The positive and negative terminals of PV modules must be connected to the positive and negative DC input terminals of the inverter respectively.

During the installation of PV strings and the inverter, the positive or negative terminals of PV strings cannot be connected with short circuit.



5.3.1 Preparation

| Inverter model | Number of Input Route |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2K-3K | Connected to route 1 |
| 5K-6K | Connected to route 2 |

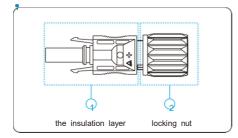
Route collecting for the installation of PV strings and inverter:

PV Strings DC input cable and connectors have been prepared; Table 5.2 lists the recommended outdoor copper-core DC input cable specifications.

| Inverter | Cable Type | Cross- Area(1 | sectional nm ²) | Cable Outer Diameter(mm) |
|----------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Range Recon Value | nmended | Range |
| 2K-3K | Common PV cables in the industry (model:PV1-F) | 4~6 | 1 | 5~8 |
| 5K-6K | the industry (induction of the | 4~0 | 4 | 5~0 |

Table 5.3 Recommended DC input cable recommended specifications

Connectors of PV Strings: Positive and negative DC input connectors are used, as shown in Figure 5.8 and Figure 5.9



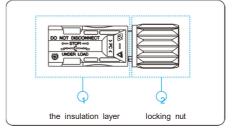


Figure 5.8 Positive connector compositions

Figure 5.9 Negative connector compositions

| NOTE | Positive and negative metal connectors are packed with positive and negative connectors respectively when shipped out. After |
|-------------|---|
| | unpacking, keep the positive and negative ones separate to avoid confusion. |



Procedures of connecting the PV Strings

Step 1 Remove an appropriate length of the insulation layer from the positive and negative power cables using a wire stripper, as shown in below Figure.

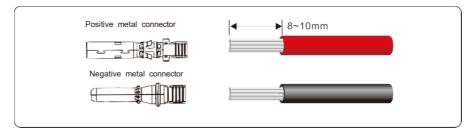


Figure 5.10 Removing insulation layer for DC cable (unit: mm)

Step 2 Insert the exposed areas of the positive and negative power cables into the metal terminals of the positive and negative connectors respectively and crimp them using a crimping tool, as shown in Figure 5.11.

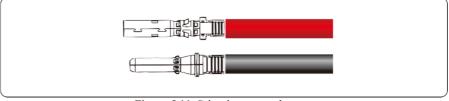


Figure 5.11 Crimping a metal connector

Step 3 Insert the crimped positive and negative power cables into the corresponding positive and negative connectors until a "click" sound is heard, as shown in Figure 5.12.

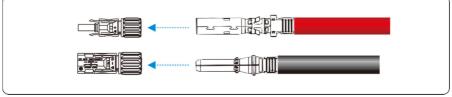


Figure 5.12 Connecting positive and negative connectors



Step 4 Tighten the locking nuts on the positive and negative connectors using a removal wrench, as shown in Figure 5.13.

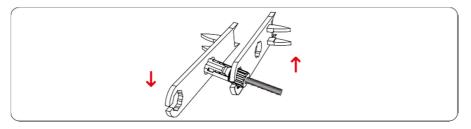


Figure 5.13 Locking connectors

Step 5 Measure the voltage of every route Strings using a multimeter. Ensure that polarities of the DC input power cables are correct, as shown in Figure 5.14.

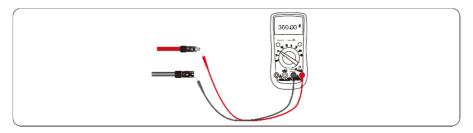


Figure 5.14 Checking the voltage of every route Strings

Step 6 Insert the positive and negative connectors into their corresponding terminals of the inverter until a "click" sound is heard, as shown in Figure 5.15.

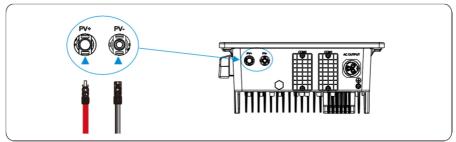


Figure 5.15 Connecting to the inverter

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Step 7 After connecting the PV strings, ensure that all connectors are in position by checking for resistance when a slight pull is applied.

5.4 Connecting Communication Cables

5.4.1 Communication Mode Description

You can use the following communication modes to implement communication: Bluetooth, WIFI, GPRS and RS485 all of which are described as follows.

Bluetooth Module

You can turn on the Bluetooth function of the mobile phone, and set parameters and monitor data of the inverter through the mobile APP. For details about operation, refer to APP User Manual.

• WIFI & GPRS & RS485 Modules

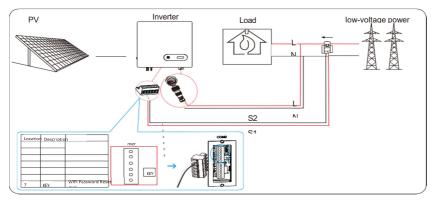
Following figure show inverter's interface to connect WIFI, GPRS and RS485 accessory, please refer user manual of accessory for connecting method and its setting.

| Module | Function description |
|--------|--|
| WIEI | WIFI module implements communication with Cloud server through |
| WIFI | wireless network to monitor PV inverter's data status. |
| | For more details, refer to WIFI Product Application Manual. |
| (777 g | GPRS module communicates with Cloud server through a mobile |
| GPRS | phone to monitor PV inverter's data status. |
| | For more details, refer to GPRS Product Application Manual. |
| RS485 | RS485 switching module monitors PV inverter's data status through |
| | collecting and uploading data to Cloud server. |
| | For more details, refer to RS485 switching Product Application Manual. |
| NOTE | You can choose and buy WIFI/GPRS/RS485 communication |
| NOTE | modules from the company. |
| | The baud rate supported by RS485: 9600BPS |

Table 5.4 WIFI & GPRS & RS485 Modules Description



5.5 Power limit (optional)



5.5.1 Wiring Diagram of Inverter + CT

Figure 5.16 Wiring diagram of Inverter + CT

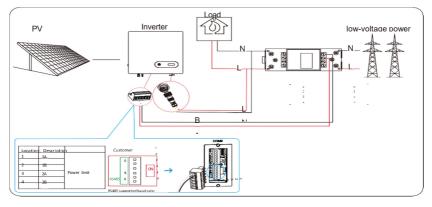
| A Power Limit | C Power Limit |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Power limit function | Power limit function |
| Disable | CT sensor |
| Power limit mode | Power limit mode |
| Meter on Grid | On Grid |
| Power limit CT ratio | Power limit CT ratio |
| 1000:1 | 1000:1 |
| Maximum feed in grid power(W) | Maximum feed in grid power(W) |
| 0 | 0 |
| Digital Power Meter Type | Digital Power Meter Type |
| Unknown | Unknown |

Figure 5.17 Settings via APP

- Power limit function set to "CT sensor"
- Set the CT position base on the meter installed on load or on grid
- Set maximum feed-in grid power if needed
- Set Power limit CT ratio



5.5.2 Wiring diagram of Inverter + Meter



Furere 5.18 Wiring diagram of Inverter +Meter

| < Power Limit | Power Limit |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Power limit function Disable | Power limit function Digital Power Meter |
| Power limit mode | Power limit mode |
| Meter on Grid | On Grid |
| Power limit CT ratio | Power limit CT ratio |
| 1000:1 | 1000:1 |
| Maximum feed in grid power(W) | Maximum feed in grid power(W) |
| 0 | 0 |
| Digital Power Meter Type | Digital Power Meter Type |

Figure 5.19 Settings via APP

- Set the "Power limit function" to "Digital Power Meter"
- Set the Digital Power Meter Type
- Set the meter position base on the meter installed on load or on grid
- Set maximum feed-in grid power if needed
- Set "Power limit CT ratio" only when using Inverter + CT

When "Power limit function" is set to "Digital Power Meter", the RS485 of inverter will change to a Host that will communicate with digital meter using Modbus-RTU protocol (9600 BPS, 8 data bit, 1 stop bit, no parity data format) through communication address 1. Please make sure that the meter is set to Modbus-RTU, 9600, 8-N-1 with address 1. For details of digital meter setting operation, please refer to the meter user manual.

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5.6 Installation Verification

Check the following items after the inverter is installed according to Table 5.4.

1. No other objects are put on the PV inverter.

2. All screws, especially the screws used for electrical connections, are tightened

3. The PV inverter is installed correctly and securely.

4. Ground, AC, DC, and Communications cables are connected tightly/correctly and securely.

5. Check and ensure there is no open circuit or short-circuits at AC and DC terminals using multimeter.

6. Waterproof connectors at AC terminals and RS485 ports are plugged with waterproof plugs tightly.

7. Covers at AC terminals are tightened.

8. Idle terminals are sealed.

9. All safety warning symbols are intact and complete on the inverter.

Table 5.5 Self-check items after installation



6 System Operation

6.1 Powering ON the Inverter

Step 1: Switch ON the AC circuit breaker.

Step 2: If the inverter has a switch, turn the switch to "ON" state.

Step 3: Observe statuses of LED indicator lights on the inverter according to Table 7.1.

| | When LED status lights display the inverter has entered grid- |
|------|---|
| NOTE | connecting, it means the inverter is operating well. Any query during |
| | operating the PV inverter, call your dealer. |

6.2 Powering OFF the Inverter

Step 1: Run a shutdown command on the mobile APP.

Step 2: Switch off the circuit breaker at AC terminal.

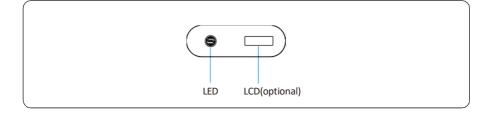
Step 3: .If the inverter has a switch, turn the switch to "OFF" to observe.

| WARNING | After the inverter is power off, the remaining electricity and heat may still cause electrical shock and body burns. Maintenance of the inverter shall begin ten minutes after the power-off. |
|---------|---|
| | inverter shall begin ten minutes after the power-off. |



7 User Interface

Display screen of inverter is composed of LED indicator (LCD is optional for some models). LED contains three color states, blue, green and red respectively. For more details, refer to Table 7.1 HMI specification definition.



| | You can view & set data of the inverter through inverter APP. |
|------|---|
| NOTE | For details about operation, refer to APP User Manual. |
| | APP User Manual is available for free from website. |



7.1 HMI specification definition

| LED Indicator | Description | Status |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Blue led | Standby | blink(slowly) |
| Blue led | Normal status | on |
| Green led | Limited power operation | on |
| Red led | Refer to the table below | |
| Warning Definition | LCD Display | Status |
| Grid over voltage | A0 Grid OV | Red led blink(slowly) |
| Grid under voltage | A1 Grid UV | Red led blink(slowly) |
| Grid absent | A2 Grid Loss | Red led blink(slowly) |
| Grid over frequency | A3 Grid OF | Red led blink(slowly) |
| Grid under frequency | A4 Grid UF | Red led blink(slowly) |
| PV over voltage | B0 PV OV | Red led blink(quickly) |
| Insulation resistance abnormal | B1 Imp abn | Red led blink(quickly) |
| Leakage current abnormal | B2 Lkge abn | Red led blink(quickly) |
| Control power abnormal | C0 Powerfail | Red led on |
| Arc fault | C1 Arc fault | Red led on |
| Dc bias current abnormal | C2 OP Dc OC | Red led on |
| Inverter relay abnormal | C3 RLY abn | Red led on |
| Inverter over temperature | C5 SYS OT | Red led on |
| Leakage current HCT abnormal | C6 LkgCT abn | Red led on |
| System fault | C7 SYS err | Red led on |
| Fan fault | C8 FAN lock | |
| DC link under voltage | C9 Bus UV | Red led on |
| DC link over voltage | CA Bus OV | Red led on |
| Internal Communications Fault | CB COM err | Red led on |
| Software version incompatibility | CC FW Incomp | Red led on |
| EEPROM fault | CD EEP err | Red led on |
| Sampling inconsistency | CE Inconsis | Red led on |
| Boost circuit abnormal | CG Bst abn | Red led on |
| Remote off | CN RMT OFF | |

Table 7.1 HMI specification definition



7.2 LCD automatic-page-turning display

| Mode | Display content | Note |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | SE-TH01 5.0T Ver 11.12.00 | Model name Version |
| The LCD display interface of the | Vdc 360/360V Vac 220V | PV voltage AC voltage |
| inverter standby state is shown in the following sequence: | Today 80kWh Etot 8000kWh | Today Energy Total Energy |
| | AØ Grid OV B1 ImP abn | Warning |
| The LCD display interface for countdown of inverter grid- connected is shown in the right | Startina 80s | Start counter down |
| picture: | | |
| | Pac S000W Today S0kWh | Output power Today Energy |
| The LCD display interface of the inverter grid-connected state is | Etot 8000kWh Htot 80000hr | Total Energy Total Hours |
| shown in the figure on the right: | Vdc 360/360V Idc 8/ 8A | PV voltage PV current |
| | Vac 220V Iac 28A | AC voltage AC current |
| | 08:00 2018-08-08 | hour: minute year/month/day |

Table 7.2 LCD automatic-page-turning display



8 Maintenance

| | Before maintaining and commissioning inverter and its peripheral |
|--|---|
| | distribution unit, switch off all the charged terminals of the inverter |
| | and wait at least 10 minutes after the inverter is powered off. |

8.1 Routine Maintenance

| Check Item | Check Content | Maintain content | Maintenance Interval |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Inverter output status | Statistically maintain the status of electrical yield, and remotely monitor its abnormal status. | NA | Weekly |
| PV inverter cleaning | Check periodically and ensure that the heat sink is free from dust and blockage. | Clean periodically the heat sink. | yearly |
| PV inverter running status | Check that the inverter is not damaged or deformed. Check for normal sound emitted during inverter operation. Check and ensure that all inverter communications is running well. | If there is any abnormal phenomenon, replace the relevant parts. | monthly |
| PV inverter Electrical Connections | Check and ensure that AC, DC, and communication cables are securely connected; Check and ensure that PGND cables are securely connected; Check and ensure that cables are intact and free from aging; | If there is any abnormal phenomenon, replace the cable or re-connect it. | |

Table 8.1 Maintenance checklist and interval



8.2 Inverter Troubleshooting

When the inverter has an exception, its basic common warning and exception handling methods are shown in the table 8.2.

| Alarm Name | Causes | Measures Recommended |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| GridOver Voltage | | 1. If the alarm occurs accidentally, the power grid may be abnormal accidentally. No extra action is |
| Grid Under Voltage | The grid voltage exceeds its allowable range. | needed. 2.If the alarm occurs repeatedly, |
| Over Frequency | | contact the local power station. After receiving approval of the local power bureau, revise the electrical protection |
| Under | | parameters setting on the inverter through mobile APP. |
| Frequency | | 3.If the alarm persists for a long time, check whether the AC circuit breaker/AC terminals is disconnected or not, or if the grid has a power outage. |
| PV Over Voltage | PV modules input voltage exceeds the inverter's allowable range. | Check the number of PV modules and adjust it if need. |
| PV Under Voltage | PV modules input voltage is under the inverter's defaulted protection value. | e , |
| Insulation Resistance Abnormal | A short circuit exists between PV strings and protection ground. PV strings are installed in a long-termmoist environment. | 1.Check the insulation resistance against the ground for the PV strings. If a short circuit has occurred, rectify the fault. 2.If the insulation resistance against the ground is less than the default value in a rainy environment, set Insulation resistance protection on APP. |



| Residual Current Abnormal | The insulation resistance against the ground at the input side decreases during the inverter operation, which causes excessively high residual current. | If the alarm occurs accidentally, possibly the external circuits are abnormal accidentally. The inverter automatically recovers to the normal operating status after the fault is rectified. If the alarm occurs repeatedly or lasts a long time, check whether the insulation resistance against the ground of PV strings is too low. |
|---|--|---|
| PV Strings Abnormal | PV strings have been shielded for a long time. PV strings are deteriorating. | Check whether the PV string is shielded. If the PV string is clean and not shielded, check whether the PV modules are aging or deteriorated. |
| PV Strings Reverse | The cables of PV strings are connected reversely during the inverter installation. | Check whether the cables of PV strings are correctly connected. If they are connected reversely, reconnect the cables. |
| BUS Under Voltage | Abnormal internal energy | 1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can automatically |
| BUS Over Voltage | control imbalance has been triggered by the PV Strings/grid | recover to the normal operating status after the fault is rectified. |
| | sharp change of working | 2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact your dealer for technical |
| BOOST Fault | conditions | support. |
| EEPROM Fault | EEPROM Component damaged | Replace the monitoring board. |
| Zero power generation and Yellow alarm light illuminating in remote monitor system | Communications outage | If modem or other data logger is used, please reboot it; if still does not work after rebooting, contact your dealer. |



| remote monitor displays zero power generation | Communications outage | If modem or other data logger is used, please reboot it; if still does not work after rebooting, contact your dealer. |
|--|---|--|
| remote monitor displays no output voltage | Output switch tripping | Check if DC switch is damaged, and if not, switch it to ON. If it still doesn't work, contact your dealer. |
| Inverter off grid | Power grid fault; DC switch tripping | Wait till power is restored; Turn DC switch to ON, and if DC switch trips a lot, contact your dealer. |
| Arc fault detection | | a. Check whether the circuit of the solar module is abnormal, including wire integrity, joint tightness. b. After the faults removal, turn off the AC/DC switch and start the inverter again, or click AFD Reset function on the APP page to eliminate the alarm. |

Table 8.2 Common troubleshooting measures

| NOTE If you cannot clear the preceding alarm according the measures recommended, contact your dealer in a timely manner. | |
|--|--|
|--|--|

8.3 Removing the Inverter

Perform the following procedures to remove the inverter:

Step 1: Disconnect all cables from the inverter, including communications cables, DC input

power cables, AC output power cables, and PGND cables.

Notes:

When removing DC input connector, insert the removal wrench to the bayonet, press the wrench down, and take out the connector carefully.

Step 2: Remove the inverter from the rear panel.

Step 3: Remove the rear panel.

| WARNING | Before removing DC input connector, double check and ensure DC input switch is turned OFF to avoid inverter damage and personal injury. |
|---------|---|
|---------|---|



9 Warranty

9.1 Quality Terms

- 1) Unless otherwise agreed to in a contract, warranty period of the inverter is 60 months
- 2) As for the PV inverter which is defective or damaged within its quality warranty period, our company shall repair or replace it for free.
- 3) The defective/damaged PV inverter replaced must be returned.

9.2 Liability Waiver

Warranty or liability will be void if damage is caused from below operations / situations. If customer asks for maintenance service, our company can, at its discretions, provide paid service.

- 1) The warranty period expired;
- 2) The damage caused during transit;
- 3) The damage caused by man;
- 4) The damage caused by force majeure including, but not restricted to the following: earthquake, flood, fire, explosion, debris flow etc.
- 5) Operation in adverse environments beyond that described in the User Manual;
- 6) Any installation and operation environment beyond the relevant national standards;
- 7) Any installing, reconfiguring, or using faulty material;
- 8) Any revising the product or modifying its software code without authorization;
- 9) Maintenance fault caused by the technician personnel unauthorized by our company;
- 10) Any operation ignoring the safety precautions stipulated in the User Manual.

10 Disposal of the Inverter

The PV inverter and its packing case are made from environment-friendly materials. If the inverter service life has expired, do NOT discard it with household garbage; dispose the inverter in accordance with local environmental laws and regulations.



11 Technical Specifications

| Model | SE-TH01 2.0 TL1 |
|---|--|
| Efficiency | |
| Max. Efficiency | 97.5% |
| Input(DC) | |
| Max. Input Power | 2,400W |
| Max. Input Voltage | 500V |
| Max. Input Current | 13A |
| Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range | 70V / 50V-490V |
| MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load) | 180V-420V |
| No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT | 1/1 |
| Output(AC) | |
| Rated AC Active Power | 2,000W |
| Max. AC Apparent Power | 2,200VA |
| Max. AC Active Power(PF=1) | 2,200W |
| Max. AC Output Current | 10A |
| Rated AC Voltage | 230V (+/- 20%) |
| Rated Grid Frequency | 50Hz |
| THDI | <3% |
| | -570 |
| DC Current Injection | <0.5%ln |
| DC Current Injection | <0.5%In |
| | |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse esistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcourrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25 °C-60 °C |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25 °C-60 °C 0-100% |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25 °C-60 °C |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise | <0.5%In |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) | <0.5%In |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight | <0.5%In |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM | <0.5%In |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm 6.5kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD |
| DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display Communication | <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm 6.5kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD |



| Model | SE-TH01 3.0 TL1 |
|---|---|
| Efficiency | |
| Max. Efficiency | 97.80% |
| Input(DC) | l |
| Max. Input Power | 3,600W |
| Max. Input Voltage | 500V |
| Max. Input Current | 13A |
| Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range | 70V / 50V-490V |
| MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load) | 180V-420V |
| No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT | 1/1 |
| Output(AC) | |
| Rated AC Active Power | 3.000W |
| Max. AC Apparent Power | 3.300VA |
| Max. AC Active Power(PF=1) | 3,300W |
| Max. AC Output Current | 15A |
| Rated AC Voltage | 230V (+/- 20%) |
| Rated Grid Frequency | 50Hz |
| THDI | <3% |
| DC Current Injection | <0.5%In |
| Adjustable Power Factor | > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) |
| Protection | Support |
| connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection | ercurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse esistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string |
| General | |
| Topology | Transformerless |
| IP Rating | IP65 |
| Cooling | Natural Cooling |
| Operating Temperature Range | -25°C-60°C |
| Relative Humidity Range | 0-100% |
| Max. Operating Altitude | 4000m |
| Noise | 30dB |
| Dimensions (W*H*D) | 320mm*344mm*137mm |
| Weight | 6.5kg |
| HMI & COM | |
| Display Communication | Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD |
| Communication Certification | RS485, Ethernet(optional), WIFI(optional), GPRS(optional) |
| Safety | IEC61727, IEC62116, IEC62109 |
| EMC | IEC61683 IEC60068 |
| Lino | 12001003, 1200000 |



| Model | SE-TH01 5.0 TL1 |
|--|---|
| Efficiency | |
| Max. Efficiency | 98.20% |
| Input(DC) | |
| Max. Input Power | 6.000W |
| Max. Input Voltage | 550V |
| Max. Input Current | 26A (2*13A) |
| Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range | 90V / 70V-540V |
| MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load) | 200V-420V |
| No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT | 2(1/1) |
| Output(AC) | 1 |
| Rated AC Active Power | 5.000W |
| Max. AC Apparent Power | 5.500VA |
| Max. AC Active Power(PF=1) | 5,500W |
| Max. AC Output Current | 25A |
| Rated AC Voltage | 230V (+/- 20%) |
| Rated Grid Frequency | 50Hz |
| THDI | <3% |
| DC Current Injection | <0.5%In |
| Adjustable Power Factor | > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) |
| Protection | Support |
| | recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse esistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string |
| Topology | Transformerless |
| IP Rating | IP65 |
| Cooling | Natural Cooling |
| Operating Temperature Range | -25°C-60°C |
| Relative Humidity Range | 0-100% |
| Max. Operating Altitude | 4000m |
| Noise | 30dB |
| Dimensions (W*H*D) | 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm |
| Weight | 8.5KG |
| HMI & COM | 0.0/10 |
| | Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD |
| Display Communication | RS485, Ethernet(optional), WIFI(optional), GPRS(optional) |
| Certification | tieree, Earentes(epiterial), vir (epiterial), er rie(epiterial) |
| Safety | IEC61727, IEC62116, IEC62109 |
| EMC | IEC61683. IEC60068 |
| LINO | IEC01003, IEC00000 |



| Model | SE-TH01 6.0 TL1 |
|--|--|
| Efficiency | |
| Max. Efficiency | 98.20% |
| Input(DC) | |
| Max. Input Power | 7.200W |
| Max. Input Voltage | 550V |
| Max. Input Current | 2*13A |
| Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range | 90V, 70V-540V |
| MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load) | 180V-420V |
| No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT | 2/(1/1) |
| Output(AC) | |
| Rated AC Active Power | 6,000W |
| Max. AC Apparent Power | 6,000VA |
| Max. AC Active Power(PF=1) | 6,000W |
| Max. AC Output Current | 27.3A |
| Rated AC Voltage | 230V (+ 20%) |
| Rated Grid Frequency | 50Hz |
| THDI | <3% |
| DC Current Injection | <0.5%In |
| Adjustable Device Center | > 0.00 P-1-1 |
| Adjustable Power Factor | > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) |
| Adjustable Power Factor Protection | > 0.99 Kated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over | |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse cistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse cistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W"H"D) | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation restraut detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W"H"D) Weight | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation restraut detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse cistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm 8.5 Kg |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm 8.5 Kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD |
| Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation restfault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display Communication | Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm 8.5 Kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD |

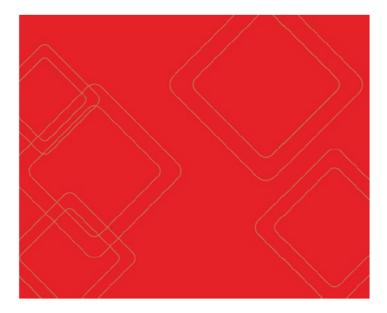
Notes:

1) Grid power voltage range can be set according to national voltage standards;

2) Power grid frequency range can be set according to national grid standards

3) The firmware version : CN1010

4) The preceding technical specifications are subject to change without prior notice. The listed specifications are for your reference only.



G P Tronics Pvt. Ltd

Tel: (+91) 033 2215 4750

Fax: (+91) 033 2225 1273

Add: 502 Kamalalaya Centre,156A Lenin Sarani, Kolkata 700 013