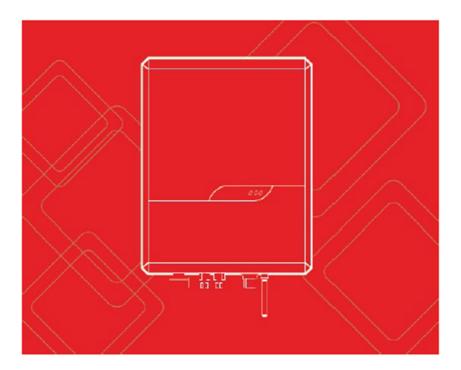


SE-TH01 2.0TL1/ SE-TH01 3.0TL1/ SE-TH01 5.0TL1/ SE-TH01 6.0TL1

USER MANUAL



Date:2022/12



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Foreword

Dear User,

Thank you so much for choosing $SE-TH01 \ 2.0TL1 - SE-TH01 \ 6.0TL1$, the latest generation of grid-tied PV Strings inverter (hereinafter referred to as the inverter) designed and developed by the company.

This user manual introduces the inverter in terms of its installation, electrical connections, operation, commissioning, maintenance, and troubleshooting. Please read through the manual carefully before installing and using the inverter, and keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

Applicable Model

Grid-tied PV string inverter

- 2K/3K
- 5K/6K

Applicable Personnel

This user manual is intended for photovoltaic (PV) inverter operating personnel and qualified electrical technicians.

Notes:

This user manual is subject to change without prior notice.



Symbol Conventions

Safety symbols used in this manual, which highlight potential safety risks and important safety information, are listed as follows:

Symbol	Description
DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, will result in serious injury or death.
WARINING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in serious injury or death.
CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in moderate or minor injury.
NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not correctly followed, could result in equipment failure, or property damage.
NOTE	Calls attention to important information, best practices and tips: supplement additional safety instructions for your better use of the PV inverter to reduce the waste of your resource.
REFER	Refer to documentation (Remind operators to refer to the documentation shipped with the inverter).



1 Safety Precautions

Before using the product, please read these safety precautions in User Manual carefully.

1.1 Personnel Safety

- a. The PV inverter must be installed, electrically connected, operated and maintained through specially trained technician;
- b. The qualified technician must be familiar with the safety regulations of electrical system, working process of PV power generation system, and standards of local power grid;
- c. The technician must read through this User Manual carefully and master it before any operation.

1.2 PV Inverter Protection

▲ NOTICE	On receiving the PV inverter, please check if it is damaged during	
	its transportation. If yes, please contact your dealer immediately.	

- a. Do not tamper with any warning signs on the inverter enclosure because these signs contain important information about safe operation.
- b. Do not remove or damage the nameplate on the inverter's enclosure because it contains important product information.

1.3 Installation Safety

_	Please read the User Manual carefully before installing the PV
NOTICE	inverter; manufacturer's warranty will be void if damage is caused
	by installation faults.

- a. Ensure there is no electrical connections around ports of the PV inverter before installation;
- b. Adequate ventilation must be provided for inverter installation location. Mount the inverter in vertical direction, and ensure that no object is put on the heat sink affecting the cooling. (For details, refer to Chapter 4 Installation)



1.4 Electrical Connections

A DANGER	Before installing the inverter, check all electrical ports to ensure no damage and no short circuit. Otherwise personal casualty and/or fire
DANGER	may occur.

- a. At the Input Terminals of the Solar Inverter, only connect the terminals of PV String; do not connect any other DC source to the input terminals.
- b. Before connecting PV modules, ensure that is its voltage is within the safe range; when exposed to any sunlight, PV modules can generate high voltage.
- c. All electrical connections must meet the electrical standards of the country or region.
- d. Cables used in electrical connections must be well fixed, under good insulation, and with appropriate specification.

1.5 Operating and Commissioning

DANGER	While the inverter operating, high voltage can lead to an electrical shock hazard, and even cause casualties. Therefore, operate the PV inverter strictly according to the safety precautions in the user manual.
	When the photovoltaic array is exposed to light, it supplies DC voltage to the PCE.

- A. Before getting the permission of electrical power authority in the country/region, the gridtied PV inverter cannot start power generation.
- b. Follow the procedures of commissioning described in the user manual when commissioning the PV inverter.
- c. Do not touch any part/surface except the DC switch when the PV inverter is operating; its partial parts will be extremely hot and can cause burns.

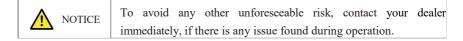
1.6 Maintenance

	Power OFF all electrical terminals before the inverter maintenance;
DANGER	strictly comply with the safety precautions in this document when
	operating the inverter.



- a. For personal safety, maintenance personnel must wear appropriate personal protective equipment (like insulation gloves and protective shoes) for the inverter maintenance.
- b. Place temporary warning signs or erect fences to prevent unauthorized access to the maintenance site.
- c. Follow the procedures of maintenance stipulated in the manual strictly.
- d. Check the relevant safety and performance of the inverter; rectify any faults that may compromise the inverter security performance before restarting the inverter.

1.7 Additional Information





2 Overview of the Inverter

This chapter introduces the inverter and describes its functional model, network application, appearance, dimensions, and working process etc.

2.1 Functional Models

2.1.1 Function

This series is a single-phase grid-tied PV string inverter (transformer less) that converts the DC power generated by PV strings into AC power and feeds the power into power grid.

WARNING	The inverter is transformerless. Add an isolation transformer before grounding the positive/ negative terminal of PV modules (like Thin Film module) for operation.
MARNING WARNING	Do not connect PV modules in parallel to several PV inverters for operation.

2.1.2 Model Description

Figure 2.1 shows a model number of the inverter, using 3K as an example.

<u>_3K</u> └──── Power class code

Figure 2.1 Model number descriptions

2.2 Network Application

2.2.1 Grid-tied PV Power Systems

The series applies to grid-tied PV power systems for outdoor power stations. Typically, a grid-tied PV power system consists of PV modules, grid-tied inverters, AC distribution units, and low-voltage power grid, as shown in Figure 2.2.

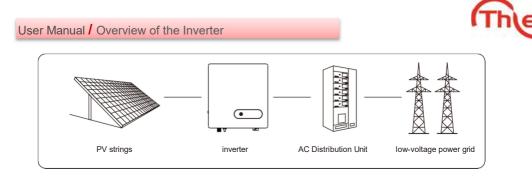


Figure 2.2 a low-voltage grid-tied PV power system

2.3 **Outline and Dimensions**

2.3.1 Outline

Figures 2.3 to 2.7 show the outline of the inverters as follows:

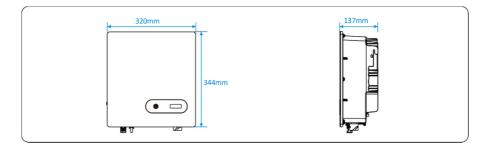
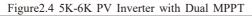
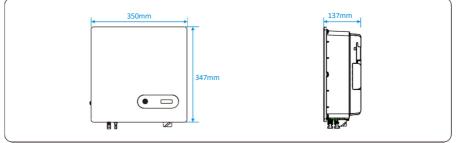


Figure 2.3 2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input (unit: mm)







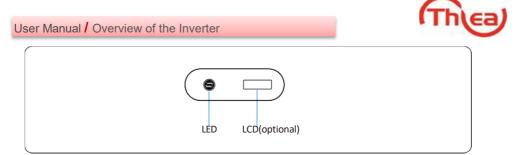


Figure 2.5 The front view and amplification effect of LED indicator area

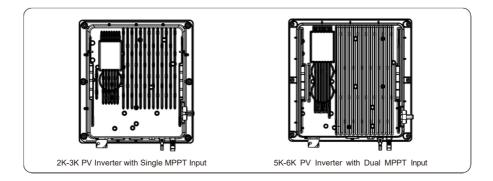


Figure 2.6 The rear view of this series of inverter

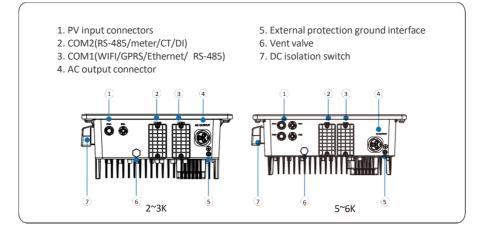


Figure 2.7 The bottom view of this series of inverter



2.4 Working Process

2.4.1 Basic principal Description

The 5K-6K PV Inverter with Dual MPPT Input receives input from two strings of PV panel (2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input receives input from only one string of PV panel). Then the inputs are grouped into two independent MPPT routes inside the inverter to track the maximum power point of the PV panel. The two MPPT power is then converted into DC Bus, then the DC power is converted to AC power through an inverter circuit. Finally the AC power is fed to the Power grid. EMI filer is used on both the DC and AC sides to reduce the electromagnetic interference; Surge protection is inbuilt on AC side.

2.4.2 Block Diagram

Figure 2.8 shows the block diagram for the 2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input:

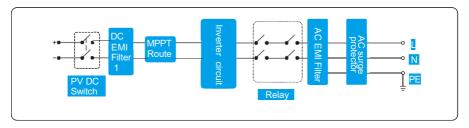


Figure 2.8 Block diagram

Figure 2.9 shows the block diagram for the 5K-6K Inverter with Dual MPPT Input:

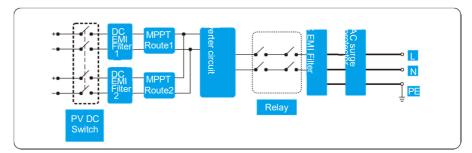


Figure 2.9 Block diagram



2.5 Working Modes

Three working modes of the inverter are shown as follows: standby, operating, and shutdown.

Table 2.1 shows the conditions for the inverter to switch between working modes.

Modes	Description
Standby	The PV inverter enters the standby mode when >the input voltage of PV Strings can enable auxiliary power supply to run, but cannot meet the inverter operation requirements. >the input voltage of PV Strings can meet the inverter to-start requirements,
	but cannot meet its minimum power requirements.
Operating	 When the PV inverter is grid-tied and generates electricity, it tracks the maximum power point to maximize the PV String output. > converts DC power from PV strings into AC power and feeds the power to the power grid. The PV inverter will enter to the shutdown mode on detecting a fault or a shutdown command.
Shutdown	The PV inverter switches from standby or operating mode to shutdown mode on detecting a fault or a shutdown command. The inverter switches from shutdown mode to standby mode on receiving a Startup command or detecting that a fault is rectified.

Table 2.1 Working modes description

	NOTICE	instructions: if the equipment is used in a manner not specified
		by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may
		be impaired.



3 Storage

This chapter describes the storage requirements for the inverter.

The following storage instructions apply if the PV inverter will not be deployed immediately:

- > Do not unpack the inverter (put desiccant in the original box if the PV inverter is unpacked).
- > Store the PV inverter at a temperature range of -25°C to +60°C and with the relative humidity of 0% to 100% (no condensing).
- > The PV inverter should be stored in a clean and dry place and be protected from dust and water vapor corrosion.
- > 2K-3K PV Inverter with Single MPPT Input a maximum of eight layers of inverters can be stacked, 5K-6K PV Inverter with Dual MPPT Input a maximum of six layers of inverters can be stacked.
- > Do not position the inverter at a front tilt, excessive back tilt, or side tilt, or upside down.
- > Conduct periodic inspection during storage. Replace the packing materials immediately if any rodent bites are found.
- > Ensure that qualified personnel inspect and test the inverter before use if it has been stored for a long time.

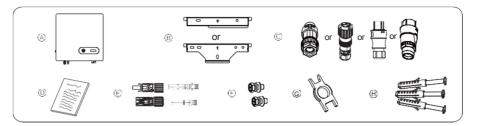


4 Installation

ANGER	Do not install the inverter on flammable building materials or in an area where flammable or explosive materials are stored.
CAUTION	Do not install the inverter in a place where personnel are likely to come into contact with its enclosure and heat sinks to avoid electrical shock/burn.

4.1 Checking the Outer Packing

- a. When receiving the inverter, check that the packing materials are intact.
- b. After unpacking, check that the deliverables are complete, intact, and consistent with your order list.
- c. Examine the PV inverter and its fittings for damage such as scraps and cracks.



Items	Deliverables		
А	The inverter		
В	Rear panel		
С	AC output connector		
D	File package		
Е	DC terminal connector group		
F	Screws		
G	Removal tool for DC connector		
Н	Expansion screw group (reserved for tightening the support and rear panel)		

Figures 4.1 The deliverables: The inverter and its fittings



NOTICE	If any damage mentioned above is found, contact the dealer immediately.
NOTICE	PV modules for non-isolated inverters. Non-isolated inverters shall be provided with installation instructions that require PV modules that have an IEC 61730 Class A rating. If the maximum AC mains operating voltage is higher than the PV array maximum system voltage then the instructions shall require PV modules that have a maximum system voltage rating based upon the AC mains voltage.

4.2 Moving the inverter

After checking the outer packing, move the PV inverter to the designated installation position horizontally. Hold the handles on both sides of the inverter, as shown in Figure 4.2.

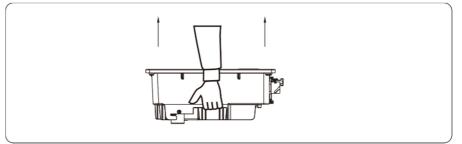


Figure 4.2 Moving the inverter

CAUTION	>Do not place the PV inverter with its wiring terminals contacting the floor because the power ports and signal ports at the bottom of the device are not designed to support the weight of the inverter. >When placing the inverter on the floor horizontally, put foam or
	paper under to protect its enclosure.

4.3 Identify the PV Inverter

4.3.1 Nameplate

After moving the PV inverter from packing box, identify it by reading its nameplate labeled on the side of the inverter. The nameplate contains important product information: the model information, communications/technical specifications, and compliance symbols.



4.3.2 Compliance and Safety Symbols

Safety symbol	Description
5mins C:	Electrical shock! There are residual voltages in the PV inverter. It needs 5 minutes to finish discharge.
	The PV inverter must not be touched when in operation. Its enclosure and heat sinks are extremely hot.
Â	Electrical shock! This part is charged. Only qualified and/or trained electrical technicians are allowed to perform operations on the inverter.
X	If the inverter service life has expired, dispose it in accordance with local rules for disposal of electrical equipment waste. Do not dispose the PV inverter with household garbage.
	The PV inverter is compliant with TUV.

4.4 Installation Requirements

Applies to wall-mounting installation, as described below in detail.

4.4.1 Determining the installation Position

Basic Requirements

- a. The inverter is protected to IP65 and can be installed indoors or outdoors.
- b. The installation method and position must be appropriate for the weight and dimensions of the inverter.
- c. Do not install the inverter in a place where personnel are likely to come into contact with its enclosure and heat sinks because these parts are extremely hot during operation.
- d. Do not install the inverter in an area that stores flammable or explosive materials.

Installation Environment Requirements

a. The ambient temperature must be below 50°C to ensure the inverter's optimal operation and extend its service life.



- b. The inverter must be installed in a well-ventilated environment to ensure good heat dissipation.
- c. The inverter must be free from direct exposure to sunlight, rain, and snow to extend its service life. It is recommended that the inverter be installed in a sheltered place. If no shelter

is available, build an awning, as shown in Figure 4.3.

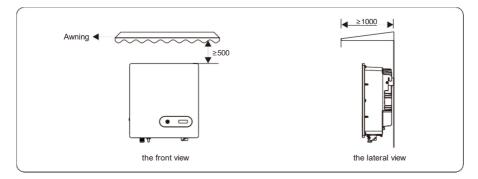


Figure 4.3 Installation environment with awning (unit: mm)

Carrier Requirements

- a. The carrier where the inverter is installed must be fire-proof. Do not install the inverter on flammable building materials.
- b. The wall must be solid enough to bear the weight of the inverter.
- c. Do not install the inverter on a wall made of gypsum boards or similar materials with weak sound insulation to avoid noise disturbance in a residential area.

Installation Space Requirements

- a. It is recommended that the inverter be installed at eye level to facilitate operation and maintenance.
- b. Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for installation and heat dissipation, as shown in Figure 4.4.

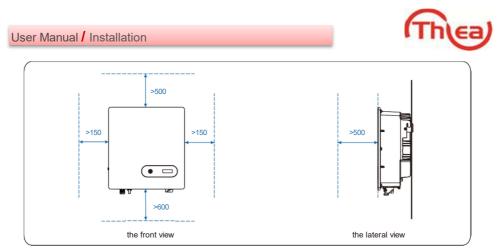


Figure 4.4 Installation Space Requirements (unit: mm)

c. When installing multiple inverter, install them along the same line (as shown in Figure 4.5) if sufficient space is available, and install them in triangle mode (as shown in Figure 4.6) or in stacked mode (as shown in Figure 4.7) if no sufficient space is available. The installation modes ensure sufficient space for installation and heat dissipation.

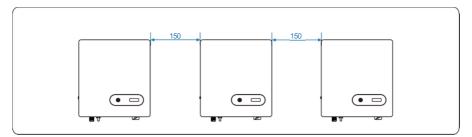


Figure 4.5 Installation along the same line (unit: mm)



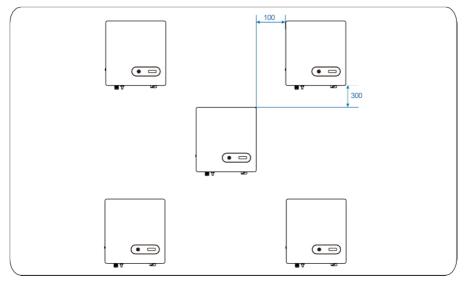
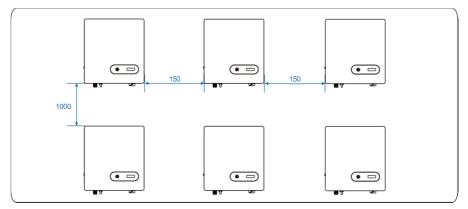


Figure 4.6 Installation in triangle mode (unit: mm)

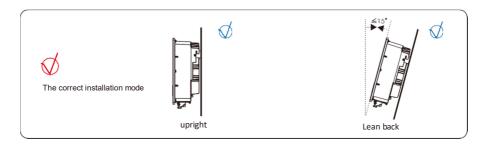


NOTICE	The clearance between multiple inverters must be increased to ensure proper heat dissipation when they are installed in a hot area.
---------------	--



4.4.2 Installation Mode Requirements

Install the inverter upright or at a maximum back tilt of 15 degrees to facilitate heat dissipation. Some correct / wrong installation modes are shown in Figures 4.8&4.9 below.



Figures 4.8 The correct installation mode

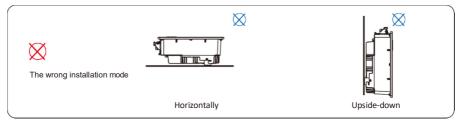


Figure 4.9 The wrong installation modes

NOTICE	The wrong installation will lead to failure of the inverter operation.
---------------	--



4.5 Installing a Rear Panel

Before installing the inverter, secure the rear panel to a wall.

Step 1 Move out the rear panel from the packing case.

Step 2 Determine the positions for drilling holes (as shown in Figure 4.10) using the rear panel.

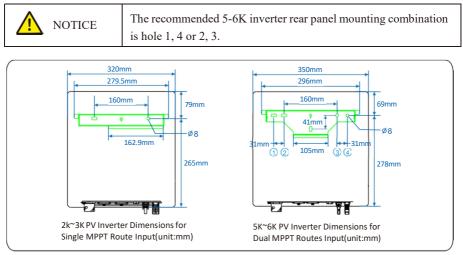


Figure 4.10 Determine the positions for drilling holes (unit: mm)

Step 3 Level the hole positions using a level gauge, and mark the hole positions using a marker (as shown in Figure 4.11).

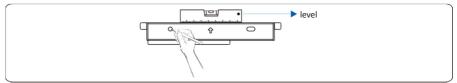


Figure 4.11 mark the hole positions using a marker

Step 4 Drill holes using a hammer drill and install expansion bolts, as shown in Figure 4.12.

DANGER	Before drilling the hole on the wall, ensure no damage on the electric wire and/or water pipe inside the wall.
---------------	--



a. Drill a hole in a marked position to a depth of 60 mm using a hammer drill with a Φ 10mm bit

b、 Partially tighten an expansion bolt, vertically insert it into the hole, and knock the expansion bolt completely into the hole using a rubber mallet.

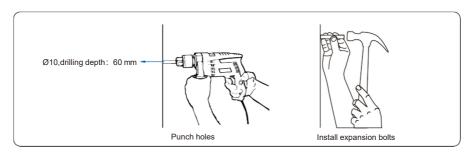


Figure 4.12 Punch holes and install expansion (uint: mm)

Step 5 Align the rear panel with the holes, insert expansion bolts into the holes through the real panel, and tighten the expansion bolts to a torque wrench (torque 2-2.5 N·m), as shown in Figure 4.13.

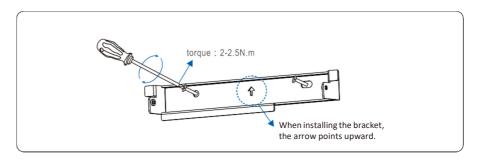


Figure 4.13 Installing the real panel



4.6 Installing the inverter

Follow below procedures:

Step 1 Hold the handles at both sides of the inverter and then lift and stand the inverter.

Step 2 Mount the inverter on the rear panel and keep them aligned with each other, as shown in Figure 4.14.

Step 3 Tighten the two hexagon screws at the both sides of the inverter to a torque of 1.2N.m and 3N·m respectively. Screw specs for 2K-3K and 5K-6K are M4 and M6 respectively, as shown in Figure 4.14.

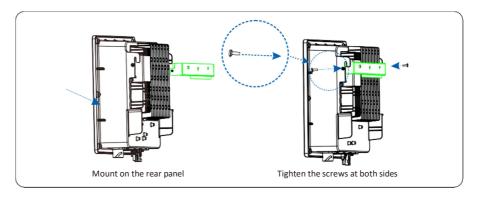


Figure 4.14 Securing the inverter



5 Electrical Connections

DANGER	Before performing any electrical connections, ensure that both DC
	and AC Switches are OFF. Otherwise, fatal injury can occur due to
	the high voltage caused from AC and DC cables.

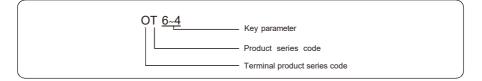
5.1 Connecting Protection Ground (PGND) Cables

5.1.1 Preparation

The ground cable and OT terminals have been prepared.

a. Ground cable: Outdoor copper-core cables with a cross sectional area of 4 mm^2 or more are recommended.

b. OT terminal: OT6~4.



Good grounding for the inverter helps resist the impact of surge voltage and improve the EMI performance. Connect the PGND cable before connecting the AC power cables, DC power cables, and communication cables.

NOTE	It is recommended that the ground cable be connected to a nearby ground position. For a system with multiple inverters connected in		
	parallel, connect the ground points of all inverters to ensure equipotential connections.		



5.1.2 Wiring Procedures

Step 1 Remove an appropriate length of the insulation layer from the PGND cable using a wire Stripper; the length is a little bit longer than that of OT terminal's crimping end by 2mm~3mm, as shown in Figure 5.1.

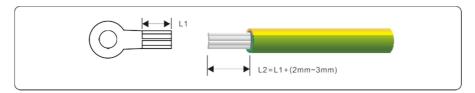


Figure 5.1 Stripped length (unit: mm)

Step 2 Insert the exposed core wires into the crimping areas of the OT terminal and crimp them using hydraulic pliers, as shown in Figure 5.2.

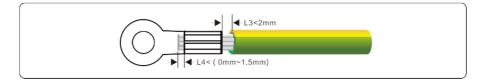


Figure 5.2 Crimping a cable (unit: mm)

Step 3 Remove the ground screws from the ground points, as shown in Figure 5.3.

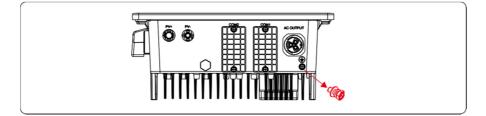


Figure 5.3 Remove the ground screws



Step 4 Secure the PGND cable (done by step 1 & 2) using the ground screw and tighten the screw using a socket wrench (torque 1.2 N·m), as shown in Figure 5.4.

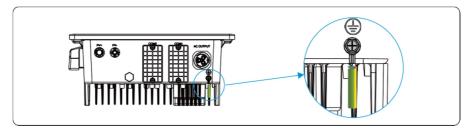


Figure 5.4 Secure the PGND cable

5.2 Connecting AC Output Cables

5.2.1 Preparation

The AC power cable and AC terminals have been prepared.

a. AC power cable: Outdoor copper-core cables are recommended. Table 5.1 describes the specifications.

Inverter Model	Cable type	Cross-sectional Area(mm ²)		Cable Outer Diameter(mm)	
			Recommended Value		Recommended Value
2K-3K	outdoor cable		4		1
5K-6K	outdoor cable		6		4

Table 5.1 AC output cable specifications



User Manual / Electrical Connections

b. The recommended specifications of circuit breaker are shown in the table below-

Inverter Model	Recommended Value
2К	16A
3К	25A
5K	32A
6К	40A

Table 5.2 Circuit breaker specifications

WARNING	An independent circuit breaker must be installed on the AC side of each inverter to ensure that the inverter can be safely disconnected from the power grid.
WARNING	Do not connect loads between the AC output terminals of the inverter and circuit breaker.

5.2.2 Procedure of Connecting AC Cables

I NOTE	There are four types of AC terminals in use (choose one from four). Please refer to the real object in the deliverables.		
in usual	optional	optional	optional

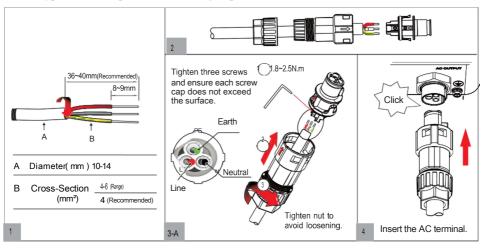
Step 1It is recommended to use outdoor dedicated cables with multiple copper cores.Remove an appropriate length of the jacket and insulation layer from the AC output
cable using a wire stripper.

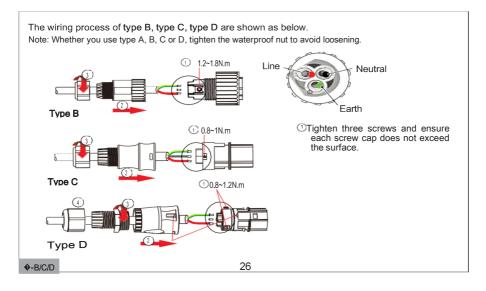
User Manual / Electrical Connections



- **Step 2** Lead the AC cable through the rubber nut, seal and so on. Please refer to the following figure2.
- Step 3Tighten three screws and ensure each screw cap does not exceed the surface,
then install AC connector as shown figure3 below.
- Step 4 Plug the AC connector into the inverter.

Note: There are four types of AC terminals. Please refer to the object in the delivery. **Type A** is in usual. Whether you use **type A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, tighten the waterproof nut to avoid loosening. Take **type A** as example in the following steps.









Ground, neutral, and line wires must correspond to G, N, and L terminals of AC connectors respectively. Otherwise, the faulty connection will lead to the inverter performance failure.

Step 5 After the AC terminal is connected, Install protection sleeve (optional) as shown below.



5.3 Connecting the PV Strings

DANGER



PV Strings connection requires the following prerequisites; otherwise, an electrical shock can occur.

PV modules generate electric energy when exposed to sunlight and can create an electrical shock hazard. Therefore, when connecting the PV modules, shield them with opaque cloth.

Before connecting DC input power cables, ensure that the voltage on the DC side is within the safe range and that the DC SWITCH on the inverter is OFF. Otherwise, high voltage may result in electric shock.

When the inverter is grid-tied, it is not allowed to maintain DC input power cables, such as connecting or disconnecting a string or a module in a string. Only after the inverter enters in shutdown mode, maintenance of DC input power cables is allowed.



WARNING Grounding of the PV Strings requires the following prerequisites; otherwise, a fire can occur.

PV modules connected in series in each PV string must be of the same specifications.

The maximum open-circuit voltage of each PV string must be always lower than or equal to its permitted range.

The maximum short circuit current of each PV string must be always lower than or equal to its permitted range.

The positive and negative terminals of PV modules must be connected to the positive and negative DC input terminals of the inverter respectively.

During the installation of PV strings and the inverter, the positive or negative terminals of PV strings cannot be connected with short circuit.



5.3.1 Preparation

Inverter model	Number of Input Route
2K-3K	Connected to route 1
5K-6K	Connected to route 2

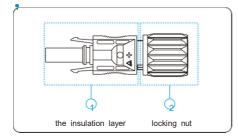
Route collecting for the installation of PV strings and inverter:

PV Strings DC input cable and connectors have been prepared; Table 5.2 lists the recommended outdoor copper-core DC input cable specifications.

Inverter	Cable Type	Cross- Area(1	sectional nm ²)	Cable Outer Diameter(mm)
		Range Recon Value	nmended	Range
2K-3K	Common PV cables in the industry (model:PV1-F)	4~6	1	5~8
5K-6K	the industry (induction of the	4~0	4	5~0

Table 5.3 Recommended DC input cable recommended specifications

Connectors of PV Strings: Positive and negative DC input connectors are used, as shown in Figure 5.8 and Figure 5.9



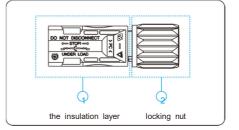


Figure 5.8 Positive connector compositions

Figure 5.9 Negative connector compositions

NOTE	Positive and negative metal connectors are packed with positive and negative connectors respectively when shipped out. After
	unpacking, keep the positive and negative ones separate to avoid confusion.



Procedures of connecting the PV Strings

Step 1 Remove an appropriate length of the insulation layer from the positive and negative power cables using a wire stripper, as shown in below Figure.

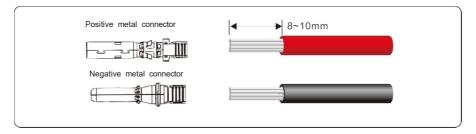


Figure 5.10 Removing insulation layer for DC cable (unit: mm)

Step 2 Insert the exposed areas of the positive and negative power cables into the metal terminals of the positive and negative connectors respectively and crimp them using a crimping tool, as shown in Figure 5.11.

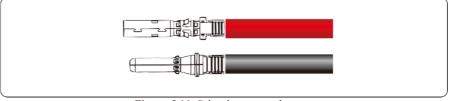


Figure 5.11 Crimping a metal connector

Step 3 Insert the crimped positive and negative power cables into the corresponding positive and negative connectors until a "click" sound is heard, as shown in Figure 5.12.

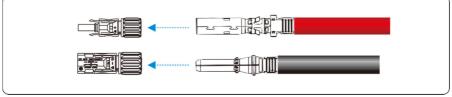


Figure 5.12 Connecting positive and negative connectors



Step 4 Tighten the locking nuts on the positive and negative connectors using a removal wrench, as shown in Figure 5.13.

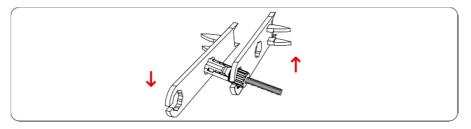


Figure 5.13 Locking connectors

Step 5 Measure the voltage of every route Strings using a multimeter. Ensure that polarities of the DC input power cables are correct, as shown in Figure 5.14.

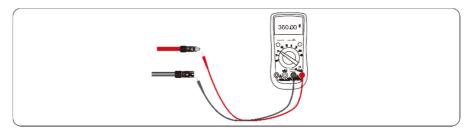


Figure 5.14 Checking the voltage of every route Strings

Step 6 Insert the positive and negative connectors into their corresponding terminals of the inverter until a "click" sound is heard, as shown in Figure 5.15.

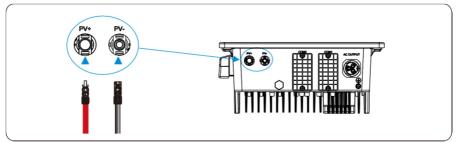


Figure 5.15 Connecting to the inverter

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Step 7 After connecting the PV strings, ensure that all connectors are in position by checking for resistance when a slight pull is applied.

5.4 Connecting Communication Cables

5.4.1 Communication Mode Description

You can use the following communication modes to implement communication: Bluetooth, WIFI, GPRS and RS485 all of which are described as follows.

Bluetooth Module

You can turn on the Bluetooth function of the mobile phone, and set parameters and monitor data of the inverter through the mobile APP. For details about operation, refer to APP User Manual.

• WIFI & GPRS & RS485 Modules

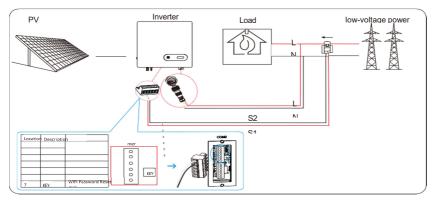
Following figure show inverter's interface to connect WIFI, GPRS and RS485 accessory, please refer user manual of accessory for connecting method and its setting.

Module	Function description
WIEI	WIFI module implements communication with Cloud server through
WIFI	wireless network to monitor PV inverter's data status.
	For more details, refer to WIFI Product Application Manual.
(777 g	GPRS module communicates with Cloud server through a mobile
GPRS	phone to monitor PV inverter's data status.
	For more details, refer to GPRS Product Application Manual.
RS485	RS485 switching module monitors PV inverter's data status through
	collecting and uploading data to Cloud server.
	For more details, refer to RS485 switching Product Application Manual.
NOTE	You can choose and buy WIFI/GPRS/RS485 communication
NOTE	modules from the company.
	The baud rate supported by RS485: 9600BPS

Table 5.4 WIFI & GPRS & RS485 Modules Description



5.5 Power limit (optional)



5.5.1 Wiring Diagram of Inverter + CT

Figure 5.16 Wiring diagram of Inverter + CT

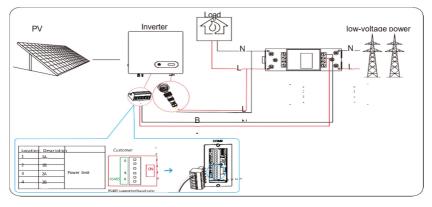
A Power Limit	C Power Limit
Power limit function	Power limit function
Disable	CT sensor
Power limit mode	Power limit mode
Meter on Grid	On Grid
Power limit CT ratio	Power limit CT ratio
1000:1	1000:1
Maximum feed in grid power(W)	Maximum feed in grid power(W)
0	0
Digital Power Meter Type	Digital Power Meter Type
Unknown	Unknown

Figure 5.17 Settings via APP

- Power limit function set to "CT sensor"
- Set the CT position base on the meter installed on load or on grid
- Set maximum feed-in grid power if needed
- Set Power limit CT ratio



5.5.2 Wiring diagram of Inverter + Meter



Furere 5.18 Wiring diagram of Inverter +Meter

< Power Limit	Power Limit
Power limit function Disable	Power limit function Digital Power Meter
Power limit mode	Power limit mode
Meter on Grid	On Grid
Power limit CT ratio	Power limit CT ratio
1000:1	1000:1
Maximum feed in grid power(W)	Maximum feed in grid power(W)
0	0
Digital Power Meter Type	Digital Power Meter Type

Figure 5.19 Settings via APP

- Set the "Power limit function" to "Digital Power Meter"
- Set the Digital Power Meter Type
- Set the meter position base on the meter installed on load or on grid
- Set maximum feed-in grid power if needed
- Set "Power limit CT ratio" only when using Inverter + CT

When "Power limit function" is set to "Digital Power Meter", the RS485 of inverter will change to a Host that will communicate with digital meter using Modbus-RTU protocol (9600 BPS, 8 data bit, 1 stop bit, no parity data format) through communication address 1. Please make sure that the meter is set to Modbus-RTU, 9600, 8-N-1 with address 1. For details of digital meter setting operation, please refer to the meter user manual.

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5.6 Installation Verification

Check the following items after the inverter is installed according to Table 5.4.

1. No other objects are put on the PV inverter.

2. All screws, especially the screws used for electrical connections, are tightened

3. The PV inverter is installed correctly and securely.

4. Ground, AC, DC, and Communications cables are connected tightly/correctly and securely.

5. Check and ensure there is no open circuit or short-circuits at AC and DC terminals using multimeter.

6. Waterproof connectors at AC terminals and RS485 ports are plugged with waterproof plugs tightly.

7. Covers at AC terminals are tightened.

8. Idle terminals are sealed.

9. All safety warning symbols are intact and complete on the inverter.

Table 5.5 Self-check items after installation



6 System Operation

6.1 Powering ON the Inverter

Step 1: Switch ON the AC circuit breaker.

Step 2: If the inverter has a switch, turn the switch to "ON" state.

Step 3: Observe statuses of LED indicator lights on the inverter according to Table 7.1.

	When LED status lights display the inverter has entered grid-
NOTE	connecting, it means the inverter is operating well. Any query during
	operating the PV inverter, call your dealer.

6.2 Powering OFF the Inverter

Step 1: Run a shutdown command on the mobile APP.

Step 2: Switch off the circuit breaker at AC terminal.

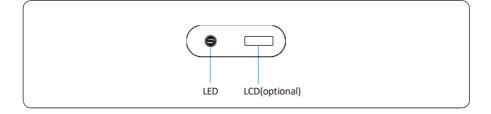
Step 3: .If the inverter has a switch, turn the switch to "OFF" to observe.

WARNING	After the inverter is power off, the remaining electricity and heat may still cause electrical shock and body burns. Maintenance of the inverter shall begin ten minutes after the power-off.
	inverter shall begin ten minutes after the power-off.



7 User Interface

Display screen of inverter is composed of LED indicator (LCD is optional for some models). LED contains three color states, blue, green and red respectively. For more details, refer to Table 7.1 HMI specification definition.



	You can view & set data of the inverter through inverter APP.
NOTE	For details about operation, refer to APP User Manual.
	APP User Manual is available for free from website.



7.1 HMI specification definition

LED Indicator	Description	Status
Blue led	Standby	blink(slowly)
Blue led	Normal status	on
Green led	Limited power operation	on
Red led	Refer to the table below	
Warning Definition	LCD Display	Status
Grid over voltage	A0 Grid OV	Red led blink(slowly)
Grid under voltage	A1 Grid UV	Red led blink(slowly)
Grid absent	A2 Grid Loss	Red led blink(slowly)
Grid over frequency	A3 Grid OF	Red led blink(slowly)
Grid under frequency	A4 Grid UF	Red led blink(slowly)
PV over voltage	B0 PV OV	Red led blink(quickly)
Insulation resistance abnormal	B1 Imp abn	Red led blink(quickly)
Leakage current abnormal	B2 Lkge abn	Red led blink(quickly)
Control power abnormal	C0 Powerfail	Red led on
Arc fault	C1 Arc fault	Red led on
Dc bias current abnormal	C2 OP Dc OC	Red led on
Inverter relay abnormal	C3 RLY abn	Red led on
Inverter over temperature	C5 SYS OT	Red led on
Leakage current HCT abnormal	C6 LkgCT abn	Red led on
System fault	C7 SYS err	Red led on
Fan fault	C8 FAN lock	
DC link under voltage	C9 Bus UV	Red led on
DC link over voltage	CA Bus OV	Red led on
Internal Communications Fault	CB COM err	Red led on
Software version incompatibility	CC FW Incomp	Red led on
EEPROM fault	CD EEP err	Red led on
Sampling inconsistency	CE Inconsis	Red led on
Boost circuit abnormal	CG Bst abn	Red led on
Remote off	CN RMT OFF	

Table 7.1 HMI specification definition



7.2 LCD automatic-page-turning display

Mode	Display content	Note
	SE-TH01 5.0T Ver 11.12.00	Model name Version
The LCD display interface of the	Vdc 360/360V Vac 220V	PV voltage AC voltage
inverter standby state is shown in the following sequence:	Today 80kWh Etot 8000kWh	Today Energy Total Energy
	AØ Grid OV B1 ImP abn	Warning
The LCD display interface for countdown of inverter grid- connected is shown in the right	Startina 80s	Start counter down
picture:		
	Pac S000W Today S0kWh	Output power Today Energy
The LCD display interface of the inverter grid-connected state is	Etot 8000kWh Htot 80000hr	Total Energy Total Hours
shown in the figure on the right:	Vdc 360/360V Idc 8/ 8A	PV voltage PV current
	Vac 220V Iac 28A	AC voltage AC current
	08:00 2018-08-08	hour: minute year/month/day

Table 7.2 LCD automatic-page-turning display



8 Maintenance

	Before maintaining and commissioning inverter and its peripheral
	distribution unit, switch off all the charged terminals of the inverter
	and wait at least 10 minutes after the inverter is powered off.

8.1 Routine Maintenance

Check Item	Check Content	Maintain content	Maintenance Interval
Inverter output status	Statistically maintain the status of electrical yield, and remotely monitor its abnormal status.	NA	Weekly
PV inverter cleaning	Check periodically and ensure that the heat sink is free from dust and blockage.	Clean periodically the heat sink.	yearly
PV inverter running status	Check that the inverter is not damaged or deformed. Check for normal sound emitted during inverter operation. Check and ensure that all inverter communications is running well.	If there is any abnormal phenomenon, replace the relevant parts.	monthly
PV inverter Electrical Connections	Check and ensure that AC, DC, and communication cables are securely connected; Check and ensure that PGND cables are securely connected; Check and ensure that cables are intact and free from aging;	If there is any abnormal phenomenon, replace the cable or re-connect it.	

Table 8.1 Maintenance checklist and interval



8.2 Inverter Troubleshooting

When the inverter has an exception, its basic common warning and exception handling methods are shown in the table 8.2.

Alarm Name	Causes	Measures Recommended
GridOver Voltage		1. If the alarm occurs accidentally, the power grid may be abnormal accidentally. No extra action is
Grid Under Voltage	The grid voltage exceeds its allowable range.	needed. 2.If the alarm occurs repeatedly,
Over Frequency		contact the local power station. After receiving approval of the local power bureau, revise the electrical protection
Under		parameters setting on the inverter through mobile APP.
Frequency		3.If the alarm persists for a long time, check whether the AC circuit breaker/AC terminals is disconnected or not, or if the grid has a power outage.
PV Over Voltage	PV modules input voltage exceeds the inverter's allowable range.	Check the number of PV modules and adjust it if need.
PV Under Voltage	PV modules input voltage is under the inverter's defaulted protection value.	e ,
Insulation Resistance Abnormal	A short circuit exists between PV strings and protection ground. PV strings are installed in a long-termmoist environment.	 1.Check the insulation resistance against the ground for the PV strings. If a short circuit has occurred, rectify the fault. 2.If the insulation resistance against the ground is less than the default value in a rainy environment, set Insulation resistance protection on APP.



Residual Current Abnormal	The insulation resistance against the ground at the input side decreases during the inverter operation, which causes excessively high residual current.	 If the alarm occurs accidentally, possibly the external circuits are abnormal accidentally. The inverter automatically recovers to the normal operating status after the fault is rectified. If the alarm occurs repeatedly or lasts a long time, check whether the insulation resistance against the ground of PV strings is too low.
PV Strings Abnormal	PV strings have been shielded for a long time. PV strings are deteriorating.	 Check whether the PV string is shielded. If the PV string is clean and not shielded, check whether the PV modules are aging or deteriorated.
PV Strings Reverse	The cables of PV strings are connected reversely during the inverter installation.	Check whether the cables of PV strings are correctly connected. If they are connected reversely, reconnect the cables.
BUS Under Voltage	Abnormal internal energy	1. If the alarm occurs occasionally, the inverter can automatically
BUS Over Voltage	control imbalance has been triggered by the PV Strings/grid	recover to the normal operating status after the fault is rectified.
	sharp change of working	2. If the alarm occurs repeatedly, contact your dealer for technical
BOOST Fault	conditions	support.
EEPROM Fault	EEPROM Component damaged	Replace the monitoring board.
Zero power generation and Yellow alarm light illuminating in remote monitor system	Communications outage	If modem or other data logger is used, please reboot it; if still does not work after rebooting, contact your dealer.



remote monitor displays zero power generation	Communications outage	If modem or other data logger is used, please reboot it; if still does not work after rebooting, contact your dealer.
remote monitor displays no output voltage	Output switch tripping	Check if DC switch is damaged, and if not, switch it to ON. If it still doesn't work, contact your dealer.
Inverter off grid	 Power grid fault; DC switch tripping 	 Wait till power is restored; Turn DC switch to ON, and if DC switch trips a lot, contact your dealer.
Arc fault detection		 a. Check whether the circuit of the solar module is abnormal, including wire integrity, joint tightness. b. After the faults removal, turn off the AC/DC switch and start the inverter again, or click AFD Reset function on the APP page to eliminate the alarm.

Table 8.2 Common troubleshooting measures

NOTE If you cannot clear the preceding alarm according the measures recommended, contact your dealer in a timely manner.	
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8.3 Removing the Inverter

Perform the following procedures to remove the inverter:

Step 1: Disconnect all cables from the inverter, including communications cables, DC input

power cables, AC output power cables, and PGND cables.

Notes:

When removing DC input connector, insert the removal wrench to the bayonet, press the wrench down, and take out the connector carefully.

Step 2: Remove the inverter from the rear panel.

Step 3: Remove the rear panel.

WARNING	Before removing DC input connector, double check and ensure DC input switch is turned OFF to avoid inverter damage and personal injury.
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9 Warranty

9.1 Quality Terms

- 1) Unless otherwise agreed to in a contract, warranty period of the inverter is 60 months
- 2) As for the PV inverter which is defective or damaged within its quality warranty period, our company shall repair or replace it for free.
- 3) The defective/damaged PV inverter replaced must be returned.

9.2 Liability Waiver

Warranty or liability will be void if damage is caused from below operations / situations. If customer asks for maintenance service, our company can, at its discretions, provide paid service.

- 1) The warranty period expired;
- 2) The damage caused during transit;
- 3) The damage caused by man;
- 4) The damage caused by force majeure including, but not restricted to the following: earthquake, flood, fire, explosion, debris flow etc.
- 5) Operation in adverse environments beyond that described in the User Manual;
- 6) Any installation and operation environment beyond the relevant national standards;
- 7) Any installing, reconfiguring, or using faulty material;
- 8) Any revising the product or modifying its software code without authorization;
- 9) Maintenance fault caused by the technician personnel unauthorized by our company;
- 10) Any operation ignoring the safety precautions stipulated in the User Manual.

10 Disposal of the Inverter

The PV inverter and its packing case are made from environment-friendly materials. If the inverter service life has expired, do NOT discard it with household garbage; dispose the inverter in accordance with local environmental laws and regulations.



11 Technical Specifications

Model	SE-TH01 2.0 TL1
Efficiency	
Max. Efficiency	97.5%
Input(DC)	
Max. Input Power	2,400W
Max. Input Voltage	500V
Max. Input Current	13A
Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range	70V / 50V-490V
MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load)	180V-420V
No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT	1/1
Output(AC)	
Rated AC Active Power	2,000W
Max. AC Apparent Power	2,200VA
Max. AC Active Power(PF=1)	2,200W
Max. AC Output Current	10A
Rated AC Voltage	230V (+/- 20%)
Rated Grid Frequency	50Hz
THDI	<3%
	-570
DC Current Injection	<0.5%ln
DC Current Injection	<0.5%In
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag)
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse esistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcourrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25 °C-60 °C
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25 °C-60 °C 0-100%
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude	<0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25 °C-60 °C
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise	<0.5%In
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D)	<0.5%In
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight	<0.5%In
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D)	 <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight	 <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM	<0.5%In
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display	 <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm 6.5kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD
DC Current Injection Adjustable Power Factor Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC ove connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display Communication	 <0.5%In > 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support rcurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 320mm*344mm*137mm 6.5kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD



Model	SE-TH01 3.0 TL1
Efficiency	
Max. Efficiency	97.80%
Input(DC)	l
Max. Input Power	3,600W
Max. Input Voltage	500V
Max. Input Current	13A
Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range	70V / 50V-490V
MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load)	180V-420V
No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT	1/1
Output(AC)	
Rated AC Active Power	3.000W
Max. AC Apparent Power	3.300VA
Max. AC Active Power(PF=1)	3,300W
Max. AC Output Current	15A
Rated AC Voltage	230V (+/- 20%)
Rated Grid Frequency	50Hz
THDI	<3%
DC Current Injection	<0.5%In
Adjustable Power Factor	> 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag)
Protection	Support
connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation re fault detection	ercurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse esistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string
General	
Topology	Transformerless
IP Rating	IP65
Cooling	Natural Cooling
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C-60°C
Relative Humidity Range	0-100%
Max. Operating Altitude	4000m
Noise	30dB
Dimensions (W*H*D)	320mm*344mm*137mm
Weight	6.5kg
HMI & COM	
Display Communication	Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD
Communication Certification	RS485, Ethernet(optional), WIFI(optional), GPRS(optional)
Safety	IEC61727, IEC62116, IEC62109
EMC	IEC61683 IEC60068
Lino	12001003, 1200000



Model	SE-TH01 5.0 TL1
Efficiency	
Max. Efficiency	98.20%
Input(DC)	
Max. Input Power	6.000W
Max. Input Voltage	550V
Max. Input Current	26A (2*13A)
Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range	90V / 70V-540V
MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load)	200V-420V
No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT	2(1/1)
Output(AC)	1
Rated AC Active Power	5.000W
Max. AC Apparent Power	5.500VA
Max. AC Active Power(PF=1)	5,500W
Max. AC Output Current	25A
Rated AC Voltage	230V (+/- 20%)
Rated Grid Frequency	50Hz
THDI	<3%
DC Current Injection	<0.5%In
Adjustable Power Factor	> 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag)
Protection	Support
	recurrent protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse esistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string
Topology	Transformerless
IP Rating	IP65
Cooling	Natural Cooling
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C-60°C
Relative Humidity Range	0-100%
Max. Operating Altitude	4000m
Noise	30dB
Dimensions (W*H*D)	30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm
Weight	8.5KG
HMI & COM	0.0/10
	Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD
Display Communication	RS485, Ethernet(optional), WIFI(optional), GPRS(optional)
Certification	tieree, Earentes(epiterial), vir (epiterial), er rie(epiterial)
Safety	IEC61727, IEC62116, IEC62109
EMC	IEC61683. IEC60068
LINO	IEC01003, IEC00000



Model	SE-TH01 6.0 TL1
Efficiency	
Max. Efficiency	98.20%
Input(DC)	
Max. Input Power	7.200W
Max. Input Voltage	550V
Max. Input Current	2*13A
Start Operating Voltage / MPPT Voltage Range	90V, 70V-540V
MPPT Operating Voltage Range(Full-Load)	180V-420V
No. of MPPT/ String per MPPT	2/(1/1)
Output(AC)	
Rated AC Active Power	6,000W
Max. AC Apparent Power	6,000VA
Max. AC Active Power(PF=1)	6,000W
Max. AC Output Current	27.3A
Rated AC Voltage	230V (+ 20%)
Rated Grid Frequency	50Hz
THDI	<3%
DC Current Injection	<0.5%In
Adjustable Device Center	> 0.00 P-1-1
Adjustable Power Factor	> 0.99 Rated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag)
Adjustable Power Factor Protection	> 0.99 Kated power (adjustable range 0.8 lead - 0.8 lag) Support
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over	
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100%
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse cistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse cistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W"H"D)	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation restraut detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W"H"D) Weight	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation restraut detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse cistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm 8.5 Kg
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation res fault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm 8.5 Kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD
Protection (i) Input DC switch (ii) Anti-islanding protection (iii) AC over connection (vi) AC & DC surge protection (vii) Insulation restfault detection General Topology IP Rating Cooling Operating Temperature Range Relative Humidity Range Max. Operating Altitude Noise Dimensions (W*H*D) Weight HMI & COM Display Communication	Support current protection (iv) AC short circuit protection (v) DC reverse sistance detection (viii) Leakage current detection (ix) PV string Transformerless IP65 Natural Cooling -25°C-60°C 0-100% 4000m 30dB 347mm*350mm*137mm 8.5 Kg Blue-tooth & LED indicator, LCD

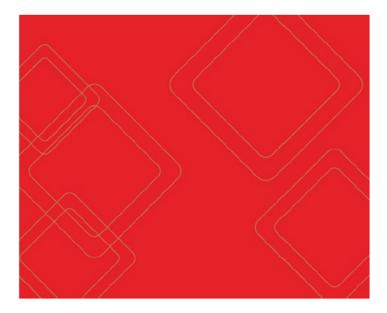
Notes:

1) Grid power voltage range can be set according to national voltage standards;

2) Power grid frequency range can be set according to national grid standards

3) The firmware version : CN1010

4) The preceding technical specifications are subject to change without prior notice. The listed specifications are for your reference only.



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